

Web Services API – Programmer's Guide

(version 3.0.31)

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For the most current versions of documentation, go to the WYDE support Web site: http://docs.wydevoice.com/

April 5, 2012

Symbols and Notations in this Manual

The following notations and symbols can be found in this manual.



Denotes any item that requires special attention or care. Damage to the equipment or the operator may result from failure to take note of the noted instructions

Figure Denotes any illustration

TableDenotes any table

Text Denotes any text output

Button Denotes any button caption

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Chapter 1: Introduction

WYDE conferencing bridges (like SB-HD100, SB-HD1000, and SB-HD10000) provide different API that allow manage conferences and calls, configure subscribers and their conference account, maintain DNIS and call flow management. The basic APIs are

- web services API,
- RT (real time) interface,
- different adapters, for instance
 - o billing adapter that allow writing calls and conferences information to an external database.
 - o authentication adapter that allow user authentication based on external database), etc.

This document is programmer's guide for the web services API only. Other APIs are being described in the separate documentation.

Please note that if call flow is setup to use external authentication server (like RADIUS) user management API should not be used.

WYDE web services API is designed to query and manage calls and conferences happening on the bridge, manage subscribers and their conference accounts. Through the API you also can manage users and access code used for local authentication. API helps to get information not only in real time mode, but also happened in the past.

The URL for the WYDE web services is https://eWyde bridge domain>/dnca/jAdmin?wsdl. In some languages to point to WYDE web services you may need to use URL without "?wsdl" suffix: /dnca/jAdmin">https://eWyde bridge domain>/dnca/jAdmin. Here WYDE bridge domain> is either the registered domain name or IP address that gives the destination location for the WYDE web services URL. For instance the possible WYDE web services URLs could be https://www.yourcompanyname/dnca/jAdmin?wsdl or https://192.168.1.30/dnca/jAdmin?wsdl.



This Web Service Interfaces – Programmer's Guide is based on WYDE web services API version **3.0.31**. If you use another version of API the same functions may be different and you may need other version of the guide.

You can check the version of your software using the following URL: /version.html">https://ewyde bridge domain>/version.html. For instance the possible WYDE software version URLs could be https://www.yourcompanyname/version.html or https://192.168.1.30/version.html.

Assumed Skills

This programmer's guide assumes you have a working knowledge of the following technologies and skills:

• PC usage

- System administration
- Programming basics (in some kind of programming languages)
- Understanding of object-oriented classes structure, UML basics
- VOIP basics
- TCP/IP networking
- Web Administration Interface User Guide

Web Services

Formal Web Service definition is given by World Wide Web Consortium (W3C) – the main international standards organization for the World Wide Web. According to W3C, a web service is a software system designed to support interoperable machine-to-machine interaction over a network. It has an interface described in a machine-processable format (specifically WSDL). Other systems interact with the Web service in a manner prescribed by its description using SOAP messages, typically conveyed using HTTP with an XML serialization in conjunction with other Web-related standards.

Web services architecture is shown on Figure 1.

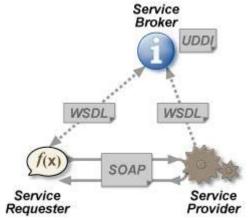


Figure 1: The Web Services Architecture

Web services are platform independent. Web services are based on open standards and protocols. Web services are supported by most major software vendors and industry analysts. You can access WYDE web services from different platforms and from different programming languages.

The detail information about web services can be read in the following articles:

- Web Services Architecture http://www.w3.org/TR/ws-arch/
- Web Services Activity http://www.w3.org/2002/ws/
- Web Services Glossary http://www.w3.org/TR/ws-gloss/

Definitions

In order to discuss the WYDE web services API effectively, we need to have a common set of terminology. For this purpose, we should definite the dictionary for the terms you will see throughout this programmer's guide:

- Class A programming language construct that is used as a template to create objects of that class. This template describes the state and behavior that the objects of the class all share. An object of a given class is called an instance of the class. The class that contains that instance can be considered as the type of that object. The classes that are designed in the web services API are Subscriber, Call Flow (CallFlow), DNIS, Conference Account/User (Confuser), Attribute, Conference Info (ConfInfo), Session, SessionDR, Conference, ConferenceDR.
- Identifier A unique key to uniquely identify each instance of the class. In WYDE web services API data structure, the identifier is the single property value, usually it is numeric (long) identifier (ID). Identifier can be used to retrieve information about the single instance of the class; the WYDE web services API contains methods get<Class> (for instance getSubscriber, getDNIS, etc.) that are used to get single instance of the class using the transferred parameter the identifier of the object instance.
- Reference Identifier A referential constraint between two classes that is used to join the classes. The reference identifier identifies a column or a set of columns in one (referencing) class that refers to a column or set of columns in another (referenced) class. The columns in the referencing class must be the identifier. The values in the referencing columns of one class instance must occur in a single instance in the referenced class; an instance in the referencing class cannot contain values that don't exist in the referenced class. In other words these constructs are being used to join the classes and the instances of these classes. For instance Confuser class has reference identifier subscriberId; the values of this attribute allow join different Conference User objects with Subscribers, who own these Conference Users.
- Subscriber A real person, he has a name, phone number, e-mail address, etc. The subscriber can have conference accounts, he does not have access codes, but access codes are properties of conference accounts that have subscribers. Note that non-admin (non-operator) subscribers can see only "own" information, i.e. his information and information that belongs to subscribers created by him, he can see only their calls, conferences, the reports will show only their data, etc.

 To describe subscribers web services API has the class Subscriber; the identifier of this class is subscriberId; the following classes have reference identifiers to the Subscriber class: Confuser, Session, SessionDR, i.e. they are joined with Subscribers; Subscribers can own conference accounts (conference users) information.
- **PIN** The login ID for the subscriber (must be unique). It can be used either as login in Web Administration Interface (in this case it can be either number or alpha-numeric) or as login for some call flows (in this case must be numeric) for participants authorization.
- Conference Account The element of subscriber conferences configuration.

 Conference accounts always belong to subscriber. It is being used to define a person in a conference with a particular role (e.g. host, participant, listener, etc.), the DNIS number that should be used to call to the conference, and the access code that should be entered by the user that called to the conference DNIS to determine his role. A subscriber could be a host user in one conference and a listener in another. Conference accounts with the same conference number represent single conference setup.

- To describe conference accounts web services API has the class Confuser (Conference User); the identifier of this class is confuserId; this class has reference identifier to the following classes: Subscriber, DNIS, ConfInfo, and set of Attributes.
- **DNIS** A unique set of numbers that is outpulsed by a phone carrier that indicates the intended destination for a particular call. It can be any length digits (although usually 10 digits). DNIS is the property of the conference account, but different DNIS numbers can be used to connect to the same conference.
 - To describe DNIS web services API has the class DNIS; the identifier of this class is dnisId; this class has reference identifier to the CallFlow classes and set of Attributes; the Confuser class has reference identifier to the DNIS class.
- Access Code A numeric code unique for DNIS that allows a host or participant or
 listener access to a conference call. When users call to DNIS number they being asked
 to enter their access code. The access code determines the conference and the user role
 in the conference. Different access codes can determine the same conference, for
 instance one access code can determine the connected user has host role, another access
 code can determine that connected user has participant role, and another access code
 can determine that connected user has listener role.
- **Host** A user in the conference call that can make changes to the system while the conference call is in progress. Like change the security setting, change who can talk or answer, etc. Sometimes the host user is called moderator. This user role is defined in conference account.
- **Participant** A person in the conference who can actively participate in a call by both talking and listening. This user role is defined in conference account.
- **Listener** A person in the conference who can hear the conference call, but cannot speak. Their audio path is one way only (receive). This user role is defined in conference account.
- Conference Number A unique external conference number. Conference number is the property of conference account. If the conference accounts have the same conference number all these accounts determine one single conference. For instance the user can create one conference account record that determine host role, another conference account record that determine participant role, and another conference account record that determine listener role all these records should have the same conference number to determine one unique conference.
 - To represent unique conference (conference number) web services API has the class ConfInfo (Conference Info); the identifier of this class is conferenceNumber; the following classes have reference identifiers to the ConfInfo class: Confuser, Session, SessionDR, Conference, ConferenceDR, i.e. they are joined with specific conference information.
- Conference ID A unique conference ID that represents the instance of a conference. When any conference is being started it receives unique conference ID, and all calls to this conference have the same conference ID; if this conference has been completed and another conference is being started that conference will receive another conference ID. Conference ID is normally not exposed to users, unless on the reports.
- Call Flow A unique conference service setup, the logic that is used to process the conference calls. This is the process a call goes through from call setup to, to processing, to call tear down. It includes the logic, DTMF key-presses used, functions,

- and the recorded prompts. There are two basic call flow categories: call flows without authentication and call flows with authentication.
- To describe call flows web services API has the class CallFlow; the identifier of this class is callflowId; this class has a set of Attributes; the DNIS class has reference identifier to the CallFlow class.
- Attribute In terms of WYDE web services API, a data structure is used to carry attributes for call flow (CallFlow), DNIS and conference user (Confuser). The attributes skeleton is defined by call flow; other attributes can only override some of them, so for instance when a user called in to the conference DNIS it gets attributes exposed by the call flow, but some of these attributes can be already altered by the DNIS. Each attribute has name, type, value, and role. The names of the attributes are unique; CallFlow, DNIS, and Confuser classes have a set of Attribute objects associated with them.
- Conference A data structure is used to describe ongoing conference on the bridge. Objects of this type are only created by server. User may fetch these objects by calling appropriate function. When conference is over the conference object is deleted by the server.
 - The conference object is identified by the conferenceId property value, this is a globally unique identifier that represents the instance of a conference; this class has reference identifier to a ConfInfo class (conference number); SessionDR class has reference identifier to the Conference class.
- ConferenceDR A data structure is used to describe conference which is already terminated on the on the bridge. User can not directly create this object.
 The conferenceDR object is identified by the conferenceId property value; this class has reference identifier to a ConfInfo class (conference number).
- Session A data structure represents a single ongoing call on the server. User can not directly create this object. When the call is over server automatically deletes this object. Normally this data structure is used to get information about call attributes like calling/called number etc., or do something with the call, for instance mute, hang, hold etc.
 - The identifier of the Session class is sessionId; this class has reference identifiers to Subscriber and ConfInfo classes.
- SessionDR A data structure represents a single call on the server which is already terminated on the on the bridge. User can not directly create this object. The identifier of the SessionDR class is sessionId; this class has reference identifiers to Subscriber, ConfInfo, and Conference classes.

Chapter 2: Data Structures

General Data Structure

The class diagram, data classes (entities) and relations between them are shown on Figure 2. Boxes on this figure are representing data classes (entities), these classes will be described in the next section of this guide; **names of the classes** are shown in bold, identifiers are shown in blue color, reference identifiers are shown in green color, encapsulated properties are shown in brown color, references (relations) between classes are shown with black solid arrows, encapsulations (aggregations) between classes are shown with brown dash lines ended with diamonds, related class data (data that can be retrieved using the related class identifier) are shown with brown dotted lines ended with diamonds. In data classes description fields that were added, adjusted, renamed, etc. in version 3.x and/or did not exist in previous versions are noted as (*v3).

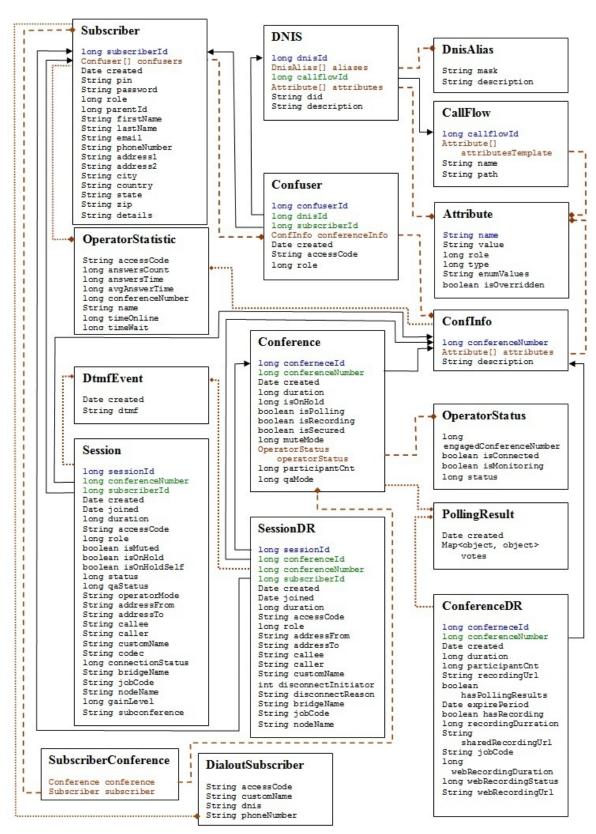


Figure 2: The UML Class Diagram

Data Classes (Entities)

Subscriber

This data structure holds information about subscribers. Subscriber is a real person; he has a name, phone number, e-mail address, etc. The subscriber can have conference accounts, he does not have access codes, but access codes are properties of conference accounts that have subscribers. Subscribers should make a hierarchy – that is why each subscriber has reference to another subscriber who created it. Subscriber which doesn't have a parent - called Administrator. Note that non-admin (non-operator) subscribers can see only "own" information, i.e. his information and information that belongs to subscribers created by him, he can see only their calls, conferences, the reports will show only their data, etc.

Table 1: Properties of Subscriber

String address1	Subscriber's address
String address2	
String city	Subscriber's city
Confuser[] confusers	List of confusers this subscriber associated with. It can be populated by user during subscriber
String country	
Date created	Date when record is created; assigned by the server
String details	Any additional details
String email	Subscriber's e-mail
String firstName	Subscriber real first name (*)
String lastName	Subscriber real last name (*)
long parentId	ID of parent subscriber (*)
String password	password for the logging in to the web interface (*)
String phoneNumber	Subscriber's phone number used if server needs to dial-out to this subscriber
String pin	pin for the logging in to the web interface (*)
	pin should be unique among all subscribers on the server
	if pin is used to identify subscriber in a callflow it should consist only digits
long role	Subscriber's role (i.e. admin, operator, regular user, etc.)
	Possible values: ROLE_ADMIN (1L), ROLE_OPERATOR (2L),
	ROLE_USER (3L)
String state	Subscriber's state
long subscriberId	Unique ID assigned by the server
String zip	Subscriber's zip code

^{* –} for this and all subsequent classes designates mandatory fields during object creation or modification

Click here to see subscriber XML and class definition.

Conference Account – Conference User (Confuser)

Conference user (Confuser) class represents conference account, described in web administration interface guide.

Conference account is the element of subscriber conferences configuration. Conference accounts always belong to subscriber. It is being used to define a person in a conference with a particular role (e.g. host, participant, listener, etc.), the DNIS number that should be used to call to the conference, and the access code that should be entered by the user that called to the conference DNIS to determine his role. A subscriber could be a host user in one conference and a listener in another. Conference accounts with the same conference number represent single conference setup.

Additionally, it is possible to override some attributes exposed by default callflow so this Conference user has a customized behavior (For example this user can disable entry tones just for him while all other users on this number still have them on).

Conference user object can exist only if there is the subscriber that own this confuser and if this conference user assigned to DNIS and if this conference user has conference info (conference number) information that is referred by him. Thus subscriber deletion, DNIS deletion, conference info deletion performs cascade delete of all associated conference users.

Table 2: Properties of Confuser

Table 2. I Toper ties of Confuse	/1
String accessCode	Access code for this user. It is used for authentication in a
	conference. Access code should be unique across other
	accessCodes (*)
Confinfo conferenceInfo	Holds information about the conference this confuser
	participates in
long confuserId	Unique ID assigned by the server
Date created	Date when record is created; assigned by the server
long dnisId	ID of DNIS object this user is associated with (*)
long role	Role of this confuser Moderator/Host (1L), Participant (2L),
	Listener (3L) (*)
long subscriberId	ID of subscriber this confuser belongs to

Click here to see conference user XML and class definition.

Conference Info (ConfInfo)

This data structure is designed to uniquely identify conference. It is a part of "Conference User" definition and consists of the fields described in Table 3.

All Conference Users with any access codes and the same conferenceNumber will be assigned to the same conference. Please note that Conference Users are not obliged to dial the same DNIS to get to the same conference. To create a new conference you need to pass 0 as a conferenceNumber and provide meaningful description of this conference. In this case server automatically assigns a new unique conferenceNumber.

Table 3: Properties of ConfInfo

Attribute[] attributes	List of attributes and their values imposed by the call flow this conference is assigned to. These attributes may be overwritten for this particular user or taken from parent or defaults
long conferenceNumber	Identifier of the conference where this user will be assigned after successful authentication. It should be unique across
String description	other conference numbers; 0 means create a new one Description of the conference; if conferenceNumber=0 holds new conference description

Click here to see conference info XML and class definition.

DNIS

DNIS is a unique set of numbers that is outpulsed by a phone carrier that indicates the intended destination for a particular call. This data structure holds information about registered DNIS (called phone numbers) on the bridge. Besides the phone number (usually 10 digits length) each DNIS has a reference to a callflow.

Conference accounts have DNIS (dnisId) as its property, but different DNIS numbers can be used to connect to the same conference. In addition different DNISes can be based on the same callflows but just have different attributes (like a welcome prompt for example).

Table 4: Properties of DNIS

DnisAlias[] aliases
Attribute[] attributes
DNIS attributes inherited and may be overwritten from callflow
long callflowId
String description
String did
long dnisId

Available aliases for this DNIS
DNIS attributes inherited and may be overwritten from callflow
DDIS attributes inherited and may be overwritten from callflow
To callflow this DNIS belongs to
Description
Telephone number, or name if connected to VOIP switch (*)
Unique ID assigned by the server

Click here to see DNIS XML and class definition.

DNIS Alias (DnisAlias)

The DnisAlias data structure represents a DNIS alias.

Table 5: Properties of DnisAlias

String description
String mask

Alias description
Number pattern (*, 712*, etc.)

Note. This data structure was added in version 2.1 and did not exist in version 1.x.

Click here to see DNIS alias XML and class definition.

Call Flow (CallFlow)

Call flow is a unique conference service setup, the logic that is used to process the conference calls. This is the process a call goes through from call setup to, to processing, to call tear down. It includes the logic, DTMF key-presses used, functions, and the recorded prompts. Each script takes several parameters (like welcome prompt).

Call flows cannot be dynamically created by user as they need to be put into the proper place on the file system and need to be configured by administrator. However end-user should be able to change attributes of already registered call flows in order to customize their behavior

Table 6: Properties of CallFlow

Attribute[] attributesTemplate
long callflowId
String name
String path

Template of attributes for DNIS and confusers
Unique ID assigned by the server
Callflow description (*), for instance CONF, SPECTEL, etc.
Directory where callflow resides on the server (*)

Click here to see call flow XML and class definition.

Attribute

This data structure is used to carry attributes for call flow (CallFlow), DNIS and conference user (Confuser). The attributes skeleton is defined by call flow. Other entities can only override some of them. So when a user called in to the conference DNIS it gets attributes exposed by the call flow. Some of these attributes can be already altered by the DNIS. After

the user provided his access code and authentication was successful some attributes can be overwritten again by the conference user (Confuser).

It is important to remember that list of attributes is <u>always</u> defined by call flow. Values of some attributes may be overwritten by DNIS and Confuser. Each attribute can be allowed or disallowed for modification by the administrator. The call flow offers default values for each attribute.

Each attribute has name, type and value. Depending of the type web application should apply one or another validation rule. Also attribute has a "role" so confuesrs can only see those attributes which role matches their own role.

Table 7: Properties of Attribute

String enumValues if type is eEnum this variable holds possible choices like choice1; choice2; choice3 - this is readonly field populated by boolean isOverridden • if the attributes are being getting for Call Flow (attributesTemplate property) this property is always false; if the attributes are being retrieved for DNIS (as aggregated attributes property) true value means that the attribute is defined on DNIS level and false value means that the attribute is defined on call flow level; • if the attributes are being retrieved for ConfInfo (as aggregated attributes property) true value means that the attribute is defined on ConfInfo level, false - otherwise; • if DNIS object is being saved (using createDNIS or updateDNIS) this property true value means that the attribute should be overridden (saved) on DNIS object level; • if ConfInfo object is being saved (using createConferenceInfo or updateConferenceInfo) this property true value means that the attribute should be overridden (saved) on ConfInfo object level; attribute name like "ALLOW CONTINUE" (*) String name confuser role this attribute belongs to (*): ROLE_CALLFLOW long role (3L), ROLE_CONFERENCE (1L), ROLE_DNIS (0L) attribute type like TYPE STRING (OL), TYPE BILLINGRULE (1L), long type TYPE_INT (2L), TYPE_DTMF (3L), TYPE_ROLE (4L), TYPE_CHOICE (5L) (*) String value attribute value like TRUE (*)

Click here to see attribute XML and class definition.

Conference

This data structure is used to describe ongoing conference on the bridge. Objects of this type are only created by server. User may fetch these objects by calling appropriate function. When conference is over object is deleted by the server.

The conference object is identified by conferenceId, this is a globally unique identifier that represents the instance of a conference. So if user has two conferences with the same access code or conference number – these conferences will have different conferenceId. It is important to not mix it up with Conference Number. In the previous example these two conferences will have the same Conference Number; the conference number is the property of conference account; if the conference accounts have the same conference number all these accounts determine one single conference.

Table 8: Properties of Conference

long conferenceId

Unique ID assigned by the server
long conferenceNumber

This is a conference number

Date created Time when this conference was created - the first caller

arrived

long duration Number of seconds which have elapsed since the conference was

created

the conference is online (is not on-hold) the field value is 0L, if the conference is on-hold the field value could be:

HOLD_MODE_HOST (1L), HOLD_MODE_PARTICIPANT (2L),

HOLD MODE LISTENER (4L)

boolean isPolling
boolean isRecording
boolean isSecured

This field determines whether the polling session is started

This field determines whether the conference is being recorded

This field determines whether the conference is secured, i.e.

new calls allowed to join to the conference or not

long muteMode This field determines mute mode:

MUTE MODE OPEN (OL), MUTE MODE QUESTION (1L), MUTE MODE CLOSED

(2L)

When MUTE_MODE_OPEN mode is enabled any conference participant can talk and mute/unmute himself. When MUTE_MODE_QUESTION mode is enabled all conference participants are muted however any

of them can unmute himself to ask a question. When

MUTE_MODE_CLOSED mode is enabled all conference participants

are muted and can not unmute himself

OperatorStatus This fields represents the operator's activity, i.e. it operatorStatus contains the data structure that describes the operator's

conference

long participantCnt Number of participants in the conference

long qaMode This field determines Q&A mode:

QA_MODE_OPEN (OL), QA_MODE_CLEAR (1L), QA_MODE_CLOSED (2L)

Click here to see conference XML and class definition.

Operator Status (Operator Status)

This data structure is designed to show the status of the operator's conference.

Table 9: Properties of OperatorStatus

long Conference number of the connected conference

engagedConferenceNumber

currently connected to the other one (in this case this

property is set to true).

boolean isMonitoring For the operator conference this field determines whether the

operator conference is in scanning mode (i.e. surveillance call, usually started when the operator presses *1 on his

phone keypad)

long status This field determines operators conference mode

CONFERENCE REGULAR (OL), CONFERENCE OPERATOR (1L), CONFERENCE LISTEN (2L), CONFERENCE AUTOLISTEN (3L), CONFERENCE AUTOLISTEN SLEEP (4L), CONFERENCE TALK (5L)

Note. This data structure was added in version 2.1 and did not exist in version 1.x.

Click here to see operator status XML and class definition.

ConferenceDR

This data structure is used to describe conference which is already terminated on the bridge. User can not directly create this object.

Table 10: Properties of ConferenceDR

long conferneceId Unique ID assigned by the server

This is a conference number

long conferenceNumber Date created Time when this conference was created -first caller arrived long duration Number of seconds which have elapsed since the conference was Date expirePeriod Expiration position is as terminated

Date expirePeriod boolean hasPollingResults

Whether or not conference was voted, i.e. whether or not the

Active billing (business) code of the conference

conference was voted
boolean hasRecording
String jobCode
long participantCnt
long recordingDuration
String recordingUrl
String recordingUrl String recordingUrl URL for the audio recording URL for the shared audio recording URL for the shared audio recording Conference video duration in seconds

long webRecordingStatus String webRecordingUrl Video file conversion status (from 0 till 100)

URL for the video recording meta-file String webRecordingUrl

Click here to see conferenceDR XML and class definition.

Polling Result (PollingResult)

The PollingResult data structure represents polling results for the specific conference. The conference should be referenced by conferenceId.

Table 11: Properties of PollingResult

Date created Time when this polling was initiated

Map<object, object> votes Sequence of option:votesCount pairs (represented by long

Note. This data structure was added in version 2.1 and did not exist in version 1.x.

Click here to see polling result XML and class definition.

Operator's Statistic (Operator Statistic)

This data structure represents an activity statistic for specific operator in the OPERATOR conference

Table 12: Properties of OperatorStatistic

String accessCode Operator's access code

long answersCount Total number of answers made by operator per specific

operator's conference

long answersTime Total amount of seconds operator spent talking to the

customers per specific operator's conference

Average answer time in seconds for single call per operator's long avgAnswerTime

conference, i.e. answersTime/answersCount

long conferenceNumber
String name Operator's conference number

Operator's name

long timeOnline Time spent online in seconds, i.e. total amount of time

operator was logged in to the interface

long timeWait Total amount of time operator was waiting for the users

Note. This data structure was added in version 2.1 and did not exist in version 1.x.

Click here to see operator's statistic XML and class definition.

Session

This data structure represents a single ongoing call on the server. User can not directly create this object. When the call is over server automatically deletes this object.

Normally this data structure is used to get information about call attributes like calling/called number etc. If something needs to be done with the call (mute/hang/hold) the call should be referenced by sessionId.

Table 13: Properties of Session

String accessCode access code entered by caller String addressFrom Full address FROM, i.e. full qualified caller's address String addressTo Full address TO, i.e. full qualified callee's address Name of hosted bridge String bridgeName String callee Information about callee as it is provided in TO field String caller Information about caller as it is provided in FROM field (normally the phone number) String codec The active audio codec of the session, i.e. the technical name of the codec, that is used by the call, for example PCMU for uLaw, SIREN7 for 722.1, SIREN14 for 722.2, ILBC, etc. long conferenceId Conference identifier of the conference this session belongs Conference number of the conference this session belongs to long conferenceNumber Bit-mask that indicates the optional session attributes, for long connectionStatus example session direction: 0 - the inbound call, 1 - the outbound call Date created Time when this session was created String customName custom user name either set from the web or IVR (PIN) long duration Number of seconds which have elapsed since the session started The microphone volume level of the call, i.e. gain control long gainLevel option; it could be from -10 till 10 or 255; -10 is the quietest (lowest) sound level, 10 is the loudest (highest) sound level, 255 denotes that the microphone level is being automatically adjusted by the backend boolean isMuted whether this session is muted or not boolean isOnHold whether this session is put on hold by administrator boolean isOnHoldSelf whether this session is put on hold by the client (owner) Active billing (business) code String jobCode Time when this session joined to the conference Date joined String nodeName Name of hosted node This filed represents the operator's activity (for instance, String operatorMode empty, waiting for operator, speaking with operator, etc.). Possible values: • null (empty) - the caller does not need operator assistance; • wait - the caller is waiting operator assistance, i.e. the caller is in the operator's queue; • talk - the caller is talking to the operator This filed represents Q&A mode for current session: long qaStatus QA_STATUS_IDLE (OL), QA_STATUS_RAISEDHAND (1L), QA STAUS ACTIVE (2L) long role This field determines what role this session has. The roles should be the same as in Confusers. Role helps to verify whether this session is allowed to do recording MODE UNDEFINED (0L) MODE_HOST (1L) - host permissions granted, MODE_PARTICIPANT (2L) - caller controls muting, i.e. the session owner can mute/unmute himself, MODE LISTENER (3L) the session owner can only listen and can not talk, MODE RECORDING (4L) - the recording session, MODE DC LINK (8L) - distributed conference (DC) link, i.e. the control call between two bridges in distributed conferencing long sessionId Unique ID assigned by the session This field determines whether the current session status: long status STATUS IVR (1L) - session is owned by frontend; STATUS CONFERENCE (2L) - session is owned by backend; STATUS CLOSED (3L) - session is closed; STATUS DIALING (4L) session is dealing

String subconference If non-empty, denotes current sub-conference of the session

(caller)

Click here to see session XML and class definition.

SessionDR

This data structure represents a single call on the server which is already terminated on the on the bridge. User can not directly create this object.

Table 14: Properties of SessionDR

	·
String accessCode	access code entered by caller
String addressFrom	Full address FROM, i.e. full qualified caller's address
String addressTo	Full address TO, i.e. full qualified callee's address
String bridgeName	Name of hosted bridge
String callee	Information about callee as it is provided in TO field
String caller	Information about caller as it is provided in FROM field
	(normally the phone number)
long conferenceId	Conference identifier of the conference this session belongs
-	to
long conferenceNumber	Conference number this session belongs to
Date created	Time when this session was created
String customName	Custom user name either set from the web or IVR (PIN)
long disconnectInitiator	Shows who initiated a disconnect (user, bridge):
	INITIATOR_BRIDGE (2L) - used when session was terminated by
	bridge; INITIATOR_UNDEFINED (OL) - used when initiator is not
	defined; INITIATOR_USER (1L) - used when session was
	terminated by user
String disconnectReason	A string showing detailed info about disconnect
long duration	Number of seconds which have elapsed since the session started
	and before disconnect
String jobCode	Active billing (business) code
Date joined	Time when this session joined to the conference
String nodeName	Name of hosted node
long role	This field determines what role this sessions had.
long sessionId	Unique ID assigned by the session
long subscriberId	ID of subscriber assigned by the session

Note if the operator was involved into the call – the user called to the operator and the operator attached the user to another conference there would be two SessionDR records with the same session identifier (sessionId). These records will differ by disconnect reason.

Click here to see sessionDR XML and class definition.

DTMF Event (DtmfEvent)

The DtmfEvent data structure represents a single DTMF command.

Table 15: Properties of DtmfEvent

Date created Time when this DTMF event was initiated String dtmf The DTMF command

Note. This data structure was added in version 2.1 and did not exist in version 1.x.

Click here to see DTMF event XML and class definition.

Subscriber Conference (Subscriber Conference)

This data structure represents the single subscriber's conference. The conference can be either started or not started. The class is being represented by two properties – conference that describes ongoing subscriber conference on the bridge and subscriber that describes the subscriber of the conference, for each conference this subscriber field contains the list of *Confusers* objects for that single conference only. That means that the each instance of the class for the selected conference (conference number) contains the active conference information (if the conference not started only conference number property is populated, conference identifier in this case equal 0) and its subscriber information, the subscriber information could contain up to three conference users information – for the conference host, the conference participant, and the conference listener.

Table 16: Properties of SubscriberConference

Conference conference

Subscriber subscriber

The ongoing conference information with its properties

The subscriber information for the conference including up to three conference users (for host, participant, and listener)

Note. This data structure was added in version 2.2 and did not exist in previous versions.

Click here to see DTMF event XML and class definition.

Dialout Subscriber (DialoutSubscriber)

This data structure represents information necessary to perform the single dialout. The list (array) of these objects could be used to perform batch (grouped) dialing out, see Chapter 4: Function Reference, Conferences and Calls Management for details.

Table 17: Properties of DialoutSubscriber

String accessCode

The actual access code that should be used to connect to the conference. To connect to sub-conference right after dialout the access code could be formed as

<a href="mail

Note. This data structure was added in version 2.3 and did not exist in previous versions.

Click here to see DTMF event XML and class definition.

Chapter 3: Samples of Functions

WYDE Web Services Initialization

Sample of WYDE Web Services Initialization

To use WYDE Web Services, i.e. to call its methods, they should be pre-initialized and pre-authenticated in your code – you should set web services URL (https://<WYDE bridge domain>/dnca/jAdmin), user name (subscriber PIN) and password that should be used in the authentication.

Click here to see sample of the web services initialization source code and configuration file:

- > Sample in this document;
- Sample on the web (requires Internet access and web browser).

Web Methods' XML Requests and Responses

Each web services function (web method) when it is in use sends the XML request to the server and receives the XML response from the server. XML request contains the name of the function that is being used and all parameters of the function; these parameters can be either scalar values or objects represented in XML form. XML response contains the name of the function that is generating this request and the returned value; the returned value can be either void, or scalar value, or object, or list of objects.

All samples given in this guide contains both XMLs: requests sent to server and responses received from server. To view XML samples you may need Internet access and web browser. This section of the guide describes different XML requests and responses that are being generated during web methods calls.

Sample of XML for Function with Multiple Parameters Sent and List of Objects Received

Let's review getSessionDRs function.

This function expects four parameters: offset, limit, filter, order – see Chapter 4: Function Reference, Section: CDRs Management for details. For instance we would like to run this function with parameters offset = 0, limit = 3, filter = `created>='2009-10-01' and conferenceNumber=667788`, and order – empty. To execute this call the XML shown in Sample of XML Request for Function with Multiple Parameters Sent will be generated.

This function returns the list of SessionDR objects. In our sample it returns 3 objects, the XML response of this function is shown in Sample of XML Response for Function with List of Objects Received.

Sample of XML for Function with the Object Parameter Sent and the Object Received

Let's review *createSubscriber* function.

This function expects single parameter – the object representing the Subscriber class. Mandatory subscribers attributes (properties) should be populated in XML. Creating the subscriber you can also create his conference users simultaneously (in the same function call) with the subscriber creation (because confusers in the property of the subscriber); to do so you should populate confusers property of the subscriber class. XML generate for subscriber and his conference users creation is shown in Sample of XML Request for Function with the Object Parameter Sent.

This function returns the created Subscriber object. Note that this returned object will not be the same with the object that was sent to the server: the subscriber identifier, default attributes values (such as role, etc.), and additional conference users attributes will be populated in the returned object. The XML response of this function is shown in Sample of XML Response for Function with the Object Received.

Subscribers Management

Sample of Subscriber and his Conference Accounts Creation

Let's review the following scenario:

- we need to create the subscriber;
- when we create the subscriber we need to create three conference accounts (conference users) the first for moderator, the second for participant, and the third for listener.

To implement this scenario it is necessary to use web method *createSubscriber*. This method allows not only creation of subscribers, but this method also can be used to create conference accounts (conference users) with their attributes that belong to the subscribers.

Click here to see sample of the source code, XML requests and responses, screenshots:

- > Sample in this document;
- Sample on the web (requires Internet access and web browser).

Sample of Subscribers Filtering, Modifications, Conference Accounts Modifications

Let's review the following scenario:

- we need to find the subscriber that was created in the previous sample using his pin;
- for the selected subscriber we need to modify his password and email;
- for the selected subscriber we need to remove his conference accounts (conference users) with the listener role;
- for the selected subscriber we need to define some custom attributes as well as change access code for his conference accounts with host role.

To implement this scenario it is necessary to use web methods *getSubscribers* and *updateSubscriber*. The *getSubscribers* method is used to filter the subscribers based on different criteria. The *updateSubscriber* method allows not only modification of subscriber' properties, but this method also can be used to create, modify or delete conference accounts (conference users) and conference info with their attributes that belong to this subscriber. As alternative approach of updating of conference info and their attributes information it is possible to use *updateConferenceInfo* method as shown in this sample.

Click here to see sample of the source code, XML requests and responses, screenshots:

- > Sample in this document;
- Sample on the web (requires Internet access and web browser).

Sample of Subscribers Filtering and Deletion

Let's review the following scenario:

- we need to find out all subscribers who have emails from domain "manage.com";
- for each of these subscribers if the subscriber does not have phone number we need to delete him.

To implement this scenario it is necessary to use web methods *getSubscribers* (to filter the subscribers) and *deleteSubscriber* (to delete the selected subscriber).

Click here to see sample of the source code, XML requests and responses, screenshots:

- > Sample in this document;
- Sample on the web (requires Internet access and web browser).

Sample of Getting Conference Users Information

Let's review the following scenario:

- we need to count conference users (accounts) with for SPECTEL call flow;
- we need to get all conference users (accounts) with for SPECTEL call flow with host role;
- we need to output subscriber ID, conference number, access code for them.

To implement this scenario it is necessary to use web methods *getCallFlows* (to filter the call flows), *getDNISes* (to filter the DNISes), *getConfusersCount* (to get the number of conference users based on criteria) and *getConfusers* (to filter the conference users based on criteria).

Click here to see sample of the source code, XML requests and responses, screenshots:

- > Sample in this document;
- Sample on the web (requires Internet access and web browser).

Conferences and Calls Management

Sample of Conferences Filtering, Changes Secure Mode, Dropping the Conferences

Let's review the following scenario:

- we need to count how many conferences are currently on the bridge;
- for the selected subscriber we need to drop all conferences if the participants count less than two:
- for unsecured conferences for the selected subscriber with two participants we need to make them secure.

To implement this scenario it is necessary to use web methods *getConferencesCount* (to get the number of active conferences based on criteria), *getConferences* (to filter the conferences based on different criteria), *hangupConference* (to hang-up the selected conference, i.e. to drop all conference calls and terminate the conference), *secureConference* (to make the conference secure, i.e. to move the conference into the state when no new calls are allowed to get in there).

Click here to see sample of the source code, XML requests and responses, screenshots:

- > Sample in this document;
- **Sample on the web** (requires Internet access and web browser).

Sample of Placing the Entire Conference on Hold, Starting and Stopping Q&A Sessions and Conference Recording

Let's review the following scenario:

- we need to place the specific conference (the conference with specific conference number) on hold;
- we need to wait 1 minute and take this conference off hold;
- after that we need to start conference recording and start Q&A session for this conference;
- we need to wait 1 minute, we assume that conference participants requested to ask questions during this minute;
- we need to let the first participant ask his question (i.e. un-mute him engage his Q&A session);
- we need to wait 1 minute and then complete the first participant question, i.e. disengage his Q&A session;
- we need to stop Q&A session and stop conference recording for this conference.

To implement this scenario it is necessary to use web methods *getConferences* (to filter the conferences based on different criteria), *getSessions* (to filter the conference calls based on different criteria), *holdConference* (to place the conference on hold), *unHoldConference* (to take the conference off hold), *qaSetMode* (to start and stop Q&A session for the conference; note the this method should used for these purposes starting from version 2.1 only, in version 1.x method *muteConference* was used), *qaEngage* (to engage Q&A session for the conference participant, i.e. to un-mute the participant), *qaDisengage* (to disengage Q&A session for the conference participant, i.e. to mute the participant after he asked his question), *startConferenceRecording* (to start the conference recording), *stopConferenceRecording* (to stop the conference recording).

Click here to see sample of the source code, XML requests and responses, screenshots:

- Sample in this document;
- Sample on the web (requires Internet access and web browser).

Sample of Conference Polling Sessions

Let's review the following scenario:

- we need to start the polling session for the specific conference (the conference with specific conference number) with available polling options 1, 2, 3;
- we need to wait 1 minute, we assume that conference participants will vote (select one of the available options) during this minute;
- we need to stop the polling session for this conference;
- after that we need to output polling results.

To implement this scenario it is necessary to use web methods *startPolling* (to start the polling for the specified conference with selected options), *stopPolling* (to stop the polling for the specific conference), *getPollingResults* (to get the list of polling results for the conference).

Click here to see sample of the source code, XML requests and responses, screenshots:

- > Sample in this document;
- **Sample on the web** (requires Internet access and web browser).

Sample of Calls Filtering, Mute the Calls, Dropping the Calls

Let's review the following scenario:

- we need to count how many calls are currently on the bridge;
- for the selected subscriber we need to drop all participants calls if the call duration greater than 10 minutes;
- for remaining participants of the selected subscriber (with call duration less than 10 minutes) we need to mute their calls.

To implement this scenario it is necessary to use web methods *getSessionsCount* (to get the number of active calls based on criteria), *getSessions* (to filter the calls based on different criteria), *hangupSession* (to drop/disconnect the specific call), *muteSession* (to mute the specific call participant).

Click here to see sample of the source code, XML requests and responses, screenshots:

- > Sample in this document;
- **Sample** on the web (requires Internet access and web browser).

Sample of Setting Custom Name and Placing Calls on Hold

Let's review the following scenario:

- for the conference with specific conference number we need to set custom name for the host "conference moderator";
- for the same conference we need to place all listeners and participants on hold.

To implement this scenario it is necessary to use web methods *getSessions* (to filter the calls based on different criteria), *setCustomName* (to set the custom name for the specific call participant), *holdSession* (to place the call/participant on hold).

Click here to see sample of the source code, XML requests and responses, screenshots:

- > Sample in this document;
- **Sample** on the web (requires Internet access and web browser).

CDRs Management

Sample of Getting Conferences Historical Information

Let's review the following scenario:

- we need to count how many conferences were on the bridge from the beginning of the month;
- for the selected subscriber we need to output his current month conferences information (conference number, conference ID, date and time when the conference occurred, duration, participants count, and info about recording URL if exists), ordered by conference number and conference date.

To implement this scenario it is necessary to use web methods *getConferenceDRsCount* (to return number of ConferenceDRs, i.e. historical conference information, stored in local CDR database based on criteria), *getConferenceDRs* (to filter the historical conference information based on different criteria).

Click here to see sample of the source code, XML requests and responses, screenshots:

- > Sample in this document:
- > Sample on the web (requires Internet access and web browser).

Sample of the Shared Recording Generation

In the previous sample (Sample of Getting Conferences Historical Information) we get conferences with recording. Let's review the following scenario:

- we need to generate recording URL link, that will allow user to download conference recording without authorization during the next hour (for the conference with recording referenced by the conferenceId, that was found in the previous sample);
- we need to output the ConferenceDR object information prior and after shared recording URL generation to see the differences in the object properties.

To implement this scenario it is necessary to use web methods *shareRecording* (to generate shared recording, i.e. recording URL that will be available without authorization) and *getConferenceDR* (to get the single historical conference information based on the conference identifier).

Click here to see sample of the source code, XML requests and responses, screenshots:

- > Sample in this document;
- Sample on the web (requires Internet access and web browser).

Sample of Getting Calls Historical Information

Let's review the following scenario:

- we need to count how many calls were on the bridge from the beginning of the month for the specific conference number;
- for the specific conference number we need to output current month conference calls information (conference number, conference ID, date and time when the call occurred, duration, called number, calling number, custom name, disconnect reason;
- if number of calls to output greater than 5, we should implement paging and output 5 calls on the page.

To implement this scenario it is necessary to use web methods *getSessionDRsCount* (to return number of SessionDRs, i.e. historical calls/sessions information, stored in local CDR database based on criteria), *getSessionDRs* (to filter the historical calls information based on different criteria).

Click here to see sample of the source code, XML requests and responses, screenshots:

- > Sample in this document;
- > Sample on the web (requires Internet access and web browser).

Sample of Historical Calls Filtering

Let's review the following scenario:

for the current month we need to output all calls that were connected to the conferences
excluding service calls to the recording server initiated by bridge (for instance we
should output calling number, called number, conference number, conference identifier,
date/time when the call was started, and how long the call was connected to the
conference).

To implement this scenario it is necessary to use web method *getSessionDRs* and use the filter that allows to select the requested calls only.

Click here to see sample of the source code, XML requests and responses, screenshots:

- > Sample in this document;
- Sample on the web (requires Internet access and web browser).

Active Speaker Notification

WYDE bridge software has the mechanism allowing finding out who is speaking at the moment and how loud the person is speaking (i.e. the channel volume). Because this information should be available very fast ("on-the-fly"), it would be too costly to call web services each time for these requests. WYDE bridge software uses the lightweight JSON (JavaScript Object Notation) calls for this purpose.

From the web active talker indicators can be received for one specific conference only. I.e. WYDE software gives this information not for all active conferences, but for requested conferences only. To do that it is necessary to implement http request for the URL: /jsonASN.jsp?conferenceNumber=667788 (where 667788 is the conference number) As the response you will get JSON-array, for instance:

```
[
    {"sessionId":"16778157","level":"5"},
    {"sessionId":"16778156","level":"2"}
]
```

Actually the system shows the loudest four persons and their sound volume. If there was no any information returned, that means that everybody keeps silent. The sound level could be from 0 (silence) till 15 (loudest). Note the silence (0) level is not being responded. The minimum level that could be returned is 1.

Below we show the JavaScript code sample how this mechanism can be implemented. The sample shows how to get the active speaker notifications.

```
<!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 4.01 Transitional//EN">
<html>
  <head>
    <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=UTF-8">
    <script type="text/javascript"</pre>
src="http://yui.yahooapis.com/2.8.1/build/yuiloader-yuiloader-min.js"></script>
    <script type="text/javascript"</pre>
src="http://yui.yahooapis.com/2.8.1/build/event/event-min.js"></script>
    <script type="text/javascript"</pre>
src="http://yui.yahooapis.com/2.8.1/build/dom/dom-min.js"></script>
    <script type="text/javascript"</pre>
src="http://yui.yahooapis.com/2.8.1/build/logger/logger-min.js"></script>
    <script type="text/javascript"</pre>
src="http://yui.yahooapis.com/2.8.1/build/json/json-debug.js"></script>
    <script type="text/javascript"</pre>
src="http://yui.yahooapis.com/2.8.1/build/connection/connection-min.js"></script>
    <script type="text/javascript"</pre>
src="http://yui.yahooapis.com/2.8.1/build/element/element-min.js"></script>
    <script type="text/javascript"</pre>
src="http://yui.yahooapis.com/2.8.1/build/button/button-min.js"></script>
    <title>ASN Example</title>
  </head>
  <body>
    <div id="demo msg"></div>
    <br/><br/>
    <script type="text/javascript">
      // Get the div element in which to report messages from the server
      var msg section = YAHOO.util.Dom.get('demo msg');
      msg_section.innerHTML = '';
      var callbacks = {
        // Successful XHR response handler
        success : function (o) {
          // Get the div element in which to report messages from the server
        msg section = YAHOO.util.Dom.get('demo msg');
        msg_section.innerHTML = '';
          var messages = [];
          // Use the JSON Utility to parse the data returned from the server
            messages = YAHOO.lang.JSON.parse(o.responseText);
```

```
catch (x) {
            alert("JSON Parse failed!");
            return;
          // The returned data was parsed into an array of objects.
          // Add a P element for each received message
          for (var i = 0, len = messages.length; i < len; ++i) {
            var m = messages[i];
            var p = document.createElement('p');
            var message text =
              document.createTextNode("sessionId="+m.sessionId+",
                                      level="+m.level );
            p.appendChild(message text);
            msg section.appendChild(p);
        }
      };
      function getInfo(conf number) {
      if( conf_number>0 ) {
YAHOO.util.Connect.asyncRequest('GET', "https://192.168.1.30/jsonASN.jsp?conferenc
eNumber="+conf number, callbacks);
      }
    </script>
    <label>Enter conference number</label>
    <input type="text" value="" id="conf number id"/>
    <input type="button" value="Get info!"</pre>
onclick="getInfo(document.getElementById('conf number id').value)"/>
  </body>
</html>
```

Storage Library

Storage is a file manager for WYDE bridge conferences files. It is written as a java web application. It allows you to display contents of the folders, download the files, upload the files, as well as perform different files management tasks, including deletion, renaming, sharing, etc.

Storage application URL is being formed as *https://<Wyde bridge domain>/storage/*. For instance the possible Storage file manager URLs could be https://192.168.1.30/storage/.

Storage can be secured with the standard web application security. For this, remove the comment around the <security-constraint> entry in storage/WEB-INF/web.xml file and only users in role moderator will have access. Your web.xml file should contain the following code:

Note that MyRealm object should have the specified manager role.

Folders Structure and Showing Folder Content for Conference and Bridge Files

To display the folder content the *list* option should be used right after the *storage* portion in the URL.

Storage always displays the contents of one single folder only.

There are two ways to specify the conference folder:

- Specify conference's folder by the DNIS number and access code of the conference:
 - o https://<Wyde bridge domain>/storage/list/<dnis number>_<access code>/ for example:
 - o https://192.168.1.30/storage/list/8665080012 419881/
- Specify conference's folder by the conference number:
 - o https://<Wyde bridge domain>/storage/list/<conference number>/ for example:
 - o https://192.168.1.30/storage/list/749932/

Both way are fully equivalent; in both cases the result will be exactly the same. The sample of the folder content returned using the approach described above is shown in Figure 3. As you can see file name, file size, file last modification date, relative URL to download the file, shared/private flag, and sorting order are returned. If the description has been set for the file the rightmost column contains this file description.

Figure 3: Folder Content Sample

There are three standard folders related to each conference:

- Root folder contains all files uploaded for this conference:
 - o https://.../<dnis number> <access code>/
 - o https://.../<conference number>/

for example:

- o https://192.168.1.30/storage/list/8665080012 419881/
- o https://192.168.1.30/storage/list/749932/

- Public folder contains public files (uploaded or recorded) for this conference:
 - o https://.../<dnis number> <access code>/public/
 - o https://.../<conference number>/public/

for example:

- o https://192.168.1.30/storage/list/8665080012 419881/public/
- o https://192.168.1.30/storage/list/749932/public/
- Recording folder contains audio recordings available for this conference:
 - o https://.../<dnis number> <access code>/recordings/
 - o https://.../<conference number>/recordings/

for example:

- o https://192.168.1.30/storage/list/8665080012 419881/recordings/
- o https://192.168.1.30/storage/list/749932/recordings/

The output format for all these folders is the same as it was previously described and shown on Figure 3.

Note that participants can see files from the *public* folder only; hosts have access to all these folders.

Additionally there are some special folders paths (URLs) related to the entire bridge:

- Welcome prompts folder contains conference (DNIS) welcome prompts sound files, usually it is /usr/local/DNCA/var/sounds/welcome-prompts/ folder:
 - o https://<Wyde bridge domain>/storage/list/welcome-prompts/ for example:
 - o https://192.168.1.30/storage/list/welcome-prompts/
- Music-on-hold folder contains conference (DNIS) music on hold sound files, usually it is /usr/local/DNCA/var/sounds/moh/ folder:
 - o https://<Wyde bridge domain>/storage/list/moh/ for example:
 - o <u>https://192.168.1.30/storage/list/moh/</u>
- Operator prerecorded messages folder contains prerecorded operator messages sound
 files that could be played either to the users from his operator's queue or to the all users
 on the bridge or to the specific user's conference, usually it is
 //usr/local/DNCA/var/sounds/operator-messages/ folder:
 - o https://<Wyde bridge domain>/storage/list/operator-messages/ for example:
 - o https://192.168.1.30/storage/list/operator-messages/
- Operator temporary custom messages folder contains temporary recorded operator
 messages sound files, i.e. the messages recorded by the operator on his phone, that
 could be played either to the users from his operator's queue or to the all users on the
 bridge or to the specific user's conference, usually it is

/usr/local/DNCA/var/recordings/operator-messages/ folder:

- o https://<Wyde bridge domain>/storage/list/custom-operator-messages/ for example:
- o https://192.168.1.30/storage/list/custom-operator-messages/

File upload

To upload one or several files use the same folder URL: https://< Wyde bridge domain>/storage/list/<dnis number>_<access code>/ or https://< Wyde bridge domain>/storage/list/<conference number>/.

The example below illustrates how to upload file to the "upload" folder:

Files management

There are different commands that can be used within the Storage file manager. The name of the command and one or two possible parameters are being specified in URL query string fields using traditional web approach:

```
    https://.../<dnis number>_<access code>/[public/|recordings/]
?index=<file_name>&command=<command:
delete|share|setOrder|setDescription|prepareAudioFile>
[&other_parameter_name=other_parameter_value]
    https://.../<conference number>/[public/|recordings/]
?index=<file_name>&command=<command:
delete|share|setOrder|setDescription|prepareAudioFile>
[&other_parameter_name=other_parameter_value]
```

In particular, encoding the query string uses the following rules:

- Letters (A-Z and a-z), numbers (0-9) and the characters '.', '-', '~' and ' ' are left as-is;
- All other characters are encoded as %FF hex representation (for example SPACE is encoded as %20, etc.).

There following commands are available in Storage:

- *delete* deletes the specified file:
 - o https://.../?index=<file_name_to_delete>&command=delete
 for example:
 - o https://192.168.1.30/storage/list/8665080012_419881/recordings/?index=33345 6.mp3&command=delete
 - o https://192.168.1.30/storage/list/749932/recordings/?index=333456.mp3&comm and=delete
- *share* shares the specified file:
 - o https://.../?index=<file_name_to_share>&command=share
 for example:
 - o https://192.168.1.30/storage/list/8665080012_419881/recordings/?index=33345 6.mp3&command=share
 - o https://192.168.1.30/storage/list/749932/recordings/?index=333456.mp3&comm and=share

This command works similar to web method **shareRecording**, but you can share any file in any available folders. When you share the file the symbolic link to the specified file is being created in the *public* sub-folder and this file becomes available for the user with participant roles. There is no expiration period for such shared file, but

you can remove the sharing simply by deleting of the created symbolic link in the *public* sub-folder.

Once the file is shared you can see that the *shared/private* column value for this file will be set to *shared*.

- setOrder for the specified file sets list order according to the order parameter:
 - o https://.../?index=<file_name_to_set_order>&command=setOrder&order=<ne w order value>

for example:

- o https://192.168.1.30/storage/list/8665080012_419881/recordings/?index=33345 6.mp3&command=setOrder&order=3
- o https://192.168.1.30/storage/list/749932/recordings/?index=333456.mp3&comm and=setOrder&order=3

When you display the folder content you can see the sorting order for each file; default (i.e. non-defined) sort order is -1. This order is being used to define the order in what the files are displayed using *list* URL option. In addition your external application can use this order to sort the files.

- *setDescription* sets the description of the specified file according to the *description* parameter:
 - o https://.../?index=<file_name_to_set_description>&command=setDescription &description=<new file description>

for example:

- o https://192.168.1.30/storage/list/8665080012_419881/recordings/?index=33345 6.mp3&command=setDescription&description=new%20testing%20description
- o https://192.168.1.30/storage/list/749932/recordings/?index=333456.mp3&comm and=setDescription&description=new%20testing%20description

Once you changed the description of the file you can see this description in the rightmost column when you are displaying the folder content.

- *prepareAudioFile* checks availability of the specified file and converts it if needed according to preferred codec:
 - o https://.../?index=<file_name_to_prepare_audio_file>&command=prepareAud ioFile

for example:

- o https://192.168.1.30/storage/list/8665080012_419881/recordings/?index=33345 6.mp3&command=prepareAudioFile
- https://192.168.1.30/storage/list/749932/recordings/?index=333456.mp3&comm and=prepareAudioFile

This command is used to convert the specified file into preferred codec of your bridge (for instance .ul or .g722); if needed the file with this extension will be created and as the result it will be possible to playback this file in the conferences.

Chapter 4: Function Reference

Subscribers Management

• **getSubscriber** (long subscriberId) – Returns full information about the Subscriber with the given ID.

Parameters:

subscriberId – The Subscriber identifier

Returns:

Subscriber object

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

• **getSubscribers** (long offset, long limit, String filter, String order) – This function returns list of Subscribers that match filter. Offset and limit allow implementing paging on the web server. Please note that field *confusers* in Subscriber will not be populated to avoid huge amount of data to be transferred in case if big request is processing Subscriber objects.

Parameters:

offset - zero based offset in recordset.

limit - maximum number of objects to return.

filter - The criteria to use to filter the rows. The criteria should be a simple sql conditional statement started with one or more Subscriber field names or composite (compound) statement relative to confuser/conferenceInfo fields names.

Acceptable operators: <=, >=, !=, =, <, >, like (case sensitive), ilike (case insensitive), and. Note: or-clauses and brackets are not supported.

For example pin='12' or pin like'%2%' or subscriberId >= 15.

Empty string or null means no filter.

order - A string specifying Subscriber field name and sort direction.

For example "pin" or "email desc". The default direction is asc and can be omitted.

Empty string or null means no order.

Acceptable fields for filtering and sorting:

- subscriberId
- parentId
- pin
- password
- firstName
- lastName
- email
- address1
- city
- state
- zip
- country

- phoneNumber
- confuser.accessCode
- confuser.confuserId
- · confuser.dnisId
- confuser.role
- · confuser.subscriberId
- confuser.conferenceInfo.conferenceNumber

Returns:

list of Subscriber objects

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

• **getSubscribersCount** (String filter) - Returns count of Subscribers that match the given filter.

Parameters:

filter - The criteria to use to filter the rows. The criteria should be a simple sql conditional statement started with one or more Subscriber field names or composite (compound) statement relative to confuser/conferenceInfo fields names.

Acceptable operators: <=, >=, !=, =, <, >, like (case sensitive), ilike (case insensitive), and. Note: or-clauses and brackets are not supported.

For example pin='12' or pin like'%2%' or subscriberId >= 15.

Acceptable fields for filtering:

- subscriberId
- parentId
- pin
- password
- firstName
- lastName
- email
- address1
- city
- state
- zip
- country
- phoneNumber
- confuser.accessCode
- confuser.confuserId
- · confuser.dnisId
- confuser.role
- confuser.subscriberId
- confuser.conferenceInfo.conferenceNumber

Empty string or null means no filter.

Returns:

long count of Subscribers

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

• *createSubscriber* (Subscriber subscriber) – Creates a Subscriber. Pay attention to the list of mandatory fields to be filled in.

Parameters:

subscriber – The Subscriber object

Returns:

created Subscriber object

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectValidationException

updateSubscriber (Subscriber subscriber) – Updates a Subscriber whose ID is presented in s with the information from the structure. Please make sure you filled all information that needs to be in the updated Subscriber. Recommendation is to call getSubscriber first, change some info and then call updateSubscriber.

Parameters:

subscriber – The Subscriber object

Returns

updated Subscriber object

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectValidationException

• **deleteSubscriber** (long subscriberId) - Deletes a Subscriber with the given ID and all subordinate Confusers.

Parameters:

subscriberId – The Subscriber identifier

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

 generateSubscriberPin () – This function returns unique Subscriber pin with respect to codes registered on the local server. This function is helpful for createSubscriber.

Returns:

string Pin Code which is a 6 digit number. For example: 215246.

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

• **generateAccessCode** () — This function returns unique access code with respect to codes registered on the local server. This function is helpful for createSubscriber and createConfuser.

Returns:

string Access Code which is a 6 digit number. For example: 346217.

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

• **generateAccessCodeEx** (long digits) — This function returns unique access code with the length specified by the argument with respect to access codes registered on the local server. This function is helpful for createSubscriber and createConfuser.

Parameters:

digits – The length of the generated access code, should be from 1 till 13 *Returns:*

string Access Code which consists of digits, the length of the access code is specified by the parameter *digits* of this function. For example: 481237854 (if digits=9).

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

Subscribers' Conference Users Management

• **getConfuser** (long confuserId) - This function returns full details about the Confuser referenced by ID.

Parameters:

confuserId – The Confuser identifier

Returns:

Confuser object

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

• **getConfusers** (long offset, long limit, String filter, String order) - This function returns the list of Confuser which match the given filter. There are rare cases when this function needs to be called directly as getSubscriber returns list of subordinate conference users.

Parameters:

offset - zero based offset in recordset.

limit - maximum number of objects to return.

filter - The criteria to use to filter the rows. The criteria should be a simple sql conditional statement started with one or more Confuser field names or composite (compound) statement relative to conferenceInfo field names.

Acceptable operators: <=, >=, !=, =, <, >, like (case sensitive), ilike (case insensitive), and. Note: or-clauses and brackets are not supported.

For example pin='12' or pin like'%2%' or subscriberId >= 15.

Empty string or null means no filter.

order - A string specifying Subscriber field name and sort direction.

For example "pin" or "email desc". The default direction is asc and can be omitted.

Empty string or null means no order.

Acceptable fields for filtering and sorting:

- accessCode
- confuserId
- dnisId
- role
- subscriberId
- conferenceInfo.conferenceNumber

Returns:

list of Confuser objects

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

• **getConfusersCount** (String filter) – This function returns number of Confusers that match the given filter.

Parameters:

filter - The criteria to use to filter the rows. The criteria should be a simple sql conditional statement started with one or more Confuser field names or composite (compound) statement relative to conferenceInfo field names.

Acceptable operators: <=, >=, !=, =, <, >, like (case sensitive), ilike (case insensitive), and. Note: or-clauses and brackets are not supported.

For example accessCode='1001' or subscriberId >= 15.

Acceptable fields for filtering:

- accessCode
- confuserId
- dnisId
- role
- subscriberId
- conferenceInfo.conferenceNumber

Empty string or null means no filter.

Returns:

long count of Confusers

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

• createConfuser (Confuser confuser) - This function creates a new Confuser. Please note that you can create Confusers by calling createSubscriber and providing list of Confusers there.

Parameters:

confuser - The Confuser object

Required fields:

- subscriberId
- role
- dnisId
- accessCode
- conferenceInfo

Returns:

created Confuser object

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectValidationException

• **updateConfuser** (Confuser confuser) – This function updates Confuser which is presented in confuser with the information from the structure. Please make sure you filled all information that needs to be in the updated Confuser. Recommendation is to call **getConfuser** first, change some info and then call

updateConfuser.

Parameters:

confuser - The Confuser object

Returns:

updated Confuser object

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectValidationException

• **deleteConfuser** (long confuserId) - This function deletes Confuser referenced by the ID.

Parameters:

confuserId – The Confuser identifier

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

Conference Info Management

• **getConferenceInfos** (long offset, long limit, String filter, String order) - This function returns list of ConfInfo objects which are registered for the subscriber on which behalf this call is executed. For administrator it returns list of all registered ConfInfo objects.

Parameters:

offset - zero based offset in recordset.

limit - maximum number of objects to return.

filter - The criteria to use to filter the rows. The criteria should be a simple sql conditional statement started with one or more ConfInfo field names.

Acceptable operators: <=, >=, !=, =, <, >, like (case sensitive), ilike (case insensitive), and. Note: or-clauses and brackets are not supported.

For example conferenceNumber='12' or conferenceNumber like'%2%'.

Accepted fields:

- conferenceNumber
- description

Empty string or null means no filter.

order - A string specifying ConfInfo field name and sort direction.

For example "conferenceNumber" or "description desc". The default direction is asc and can be omitted.

Empty string or null means no order.

Returns:

list of ConfInfo objects

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

Note:

This function was created in version 2.1 and did not exist in previous versions.

• **getConferenceInfosCount** (String filter) - Returns number of ConfInfo objects that match the given filter.

Parameters:

filter - The criteria to use to filter the rows. The criteria should be a simple sql conditional statement started with one or more ConfInfo fields names.

Acceptable operators: <=, >=, !=, =, <, >, like (case sensitive), ilike (case insensitive), and. Note: or-clauses and brackets are not supported.

For example conferenceNumber='12' or conferenceNumber like'%2%'.

Accepted fields:

- conferenceNumber
- description

Empty string or null means no filter.

Returns:

long count of ConfInfo objects

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

Note:

This function was created in version 2.1 and did not exist in previous versions.

• createConferenceInfo (ConfInfo confInfo) - This function creates a new ConfInfo object. Pay attention to the list of mandatory fields to be filled in.

Parameters:

confInfo - The ConfInfo object

Required fields:

• conferenceNumber (0 means create a new one – in this case description property should contain new conference description and new conference number is being generated)

Note: if attributes property is populated only attributes with

isOverridden=true will be saved.

Returns:

created ConfInfo object

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

Access Denied Exception

ObjectValidationException

Note:

This function was created in version 2.1 and did not exist in previous versions.

• updateConferenceInfo (ConfInfo confInfo) - This function updates an existing ConfInfo object.

Parameters:

confInfo - The ConfInfo object

Returns:

updated ConfInfo object

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectValidationException

• **deleteConferenceInfo** (long conferenceNumber) – This function deletes ConfInfo object referenced by the conference number and all assigned confusers (i.e. Confuser objects that refer to this conference number).

Parameters:

conferenceNumber – The conference number

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

Note:

This function was created in version 2.1 and did not exist in previous versions.

Conferences and Calls Management

• **getConference** (long conferenceId) – This function returns full details about the Conference referenced by the ID.

Parameters:

conferenceId – The Conference identifier

Returns:

Conference object

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

• **getConferences** (long offset, long limit, String filter, String order) - This function returns list of Conferences which are registered for the subscriber on which behalf this call is executed.

Parameters:

offset - zero based offset in recordset.

limit - maximum number of objects to return.

filter - The criteria to use to filter the rows. The criteria should be a simple sql conditional statement started with one or more Conference field names.

Acceptable operators: <=, >=, !=, =, <, >, like (case sensitive), ilike (case insensitive), and. Note: or-clauses and brackets are not supported.

For example conferenceNumber='12' or conferenceNumber like'%2%' or duration >= 15 or created like '%11/04/2011%'.

Accepted fields:

- conferenceId
- conferenceNumber
- created ('yyyy.MM.dd/hh:mm' format)
- duration
- participantCnt
- isSecured
- muteMode

Empty string or null means no filter.

order - A string specifying Conference field name and sort direction.

For example "conferenceNumber" or "created desc". The default direction is asc and can be omitted.

Empty string or null means no order.

Returns:

list of Conference objects

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

• **getConferencesCount** (String filter) – This function returns number of Conferences currently running on the server.

Parameters:

filter - The criteria to use to filter the rows. The criteria should be a simple sql conditional statement started with one or more Conference field names.

Acceptable operators: <=, >=, !=, =, <, >, like (case sensitive), ilike (case insensitive), and. Note: or-clauses and brackets are not supported.

For example conferenceNumber='12' or conferenceNumber like'%2%' or duration >= 15 or created like '%11/04/2011%'.

Accepted fields:

- conferenceId
- conferenceNumber
- created ('yyyy.MM.dd/hh:mm' format)
- duration
- participantCnt
- isSecured
- muteMode

Empty string or null means no filter.

Returns:

long count of Conference objects

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

• **getSession** (long sessionId) – This function returns full details about the call referenced by the ID provided.

Parameters:

sessionId – The Session identifier

Returns:

Session object

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

• getSessions (long offset, long limit, String filter,

String order) – This function returns list of Sessions (calls) which match the filter provided. There are two parameters offset and limit which help to implement paging on the web application. If this function is called from non admin Subscribers it will returns only Sessions visible for this account. If call doesn't present an access code yet – it is visible only by admin.

Parameters:

conferenceId - Conference identifier. If parameter is less than zero Session objects for all Conference will be returned.

offset - zero based offset in recordset.

limit - maximum number of objects to return.

filter - The criteria to use to filter the rows. The criteria should be a simple sql conditional statement started with one or more Session field names.

Acceptable operators: <=, >=, !=, =, <, >, like (case sensitive), ilike (case insensitive), and. Note: or-clauses and brackets are not supported.

For example addressTo='12' or addressTo like'%2%' or duration \geq 15 or created like '%11/04/2011%' or conferenceId=854123.

Accepted fields:

- sessionId
- subscriberId
- created ('yyyy.MM.dd/hh:mm' format)
- joined ('yyyy.MM.dd/hh:mm' format) (works only when joined the conference)
- duration
- status
- qaStatus (for sort order only, i.e. not for filters)
- role (works only when joined the conference)
- isMuted (works only when joined the conference) true/false values
- addressTo
- addressFrom
- conferenceNumber (works only when joined the conference)
- accessCode (works only when joined the conference)
- subconference (works only when joined the conference)

Empty string or null means no filter.

order - A string specifying Session field name and sort direction.

For example "caller" or "caller desc". The default direction is asc and can be omitted.

Empty string or null means no order.

Returns:

list of Session objects

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

• **getSessionsCount** (String filter) – This function returns number of calls on the bridge which matches the filter provided.

Parameters:

filter - The criteria to use to filter the rows. The criteria should be a simple sql conditional statement started with one or more Session field names.

Acceptable operators: <=, >=, !=, =, <, >, like (case sensitive), ilike (case insensitive), and. Note: or-clauses and brackets are not supported.

For example caller='12' or caller like'%2%' or duration \geq 15 or created like '%11/04/2011%' or conferenceId=854123.

Accepted fields:

- sessionId
- subscriberId
- created ('yyyy.MM.dd/hh:mm' format)
- joined ('yyyy.MM.dd/hh:mm' format) (works only when joined the conference)
- duration
- status
- role (works only when joined the conference)
- isMuted (works only when joined the conference) true/false values
- addressTo
- addressFrom
- conferenceNumber (works only when joined the conference)

- accessCode (works only when joined the conference)
- subconference (works only when joined the conference)

Empty string or null means no filter.

Returns:

long count of Session objects

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

• *hangupConference* (long conferenceId) – This function causes all calls to be dropped from the Conference and Conference to be terminated.

Parameters:

conferenceId – The Conference identifier

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

 hangupSession (long sessionId) – This function disconnects the call reference by the ID. If called not from admin account may return NonAuthorised exception.

Parameters:

sessionId - The Session identifier

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

• **secureConference** (long conferenceId) – This function moves a Conference referenced by ID into the state when no new calls are allowed to get in there.

Parameters:

conferenceId - The Conference identifier

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

• *unSecureConference* (long conferenceId) – This function cancels effect of secureConference, i.e. new calls can join the Conference.

Parameters:

conferenceId – The Conference identifier

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

• **holdConference** (long conferenceId) – This function places the conference on hold.

Parameters:

conferenceId - The Conference identifier

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

• *unHoldConference* (long conferenceId) – This function places the conference off hold.

Parameters:

conferenceId – The Conference identifier

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

• holdSession (long sessionId) - This function places the call on hold.

Parameters:

sessionId – The Session identifier

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

• unHoldSession (long sessionId) - This function places the call off hold.

Parameters:

sessionId – The Session identifier

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

• **muteConference** (long conferenceId, long mode) – This function mutes all participants (it doesn't touch moderators). There are 3 mute modes Open (0) – this is when all can speak or mute themselves Relaxed (1) – this is when all participants muted, but they can un-mute themselves Strict (2) – this is when participants cannot un-

mute themselves. If Q&A is enabled they can put themselves into the question queue so moderator can pick a questioner.

```
Parameters:
```

```
conferenceId - The Conference identifier

mode - The mute mode:

public static long MUTE_MODE_CLOSED = 2L

public static long MUTE_MODE_OPEN = 0L

public static long MUTE_MODE_QUESTION = 1L

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException
```

• *muteSession* (long sessionId) – This function should be called when the call referenced by ID should be muted.

Parameters:

sessionId - The Session identifier

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

ObjectNotFoundException

• unMuteSession (long sessionId) — This function should be called when the call referenced by ID should be un-muted.

Parameters:

sessionId - The Session identifier

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

• **setCustomName** (long sessionId, String name) — Sets the custom name of the caller referenced by ID.

Parameters:

sessionId – The Session identifier name – The custom name of the caller

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

setSubconference (long[] sessionIds, String subconference)
 This function attaches (moves) callers to the sub-conference or detaches them from the sub-conference.

Parameters:

sessionIds – The list of sessions identifiers that need to be attached (moved) to subconference or detached from it

sub-conference – If the parameter is not empty, the sessions are being attached to sub-conference (if they are not currently connected to any of the sub-conferences) or moved to sub-conference (if they are currently connected to another sub-conference); non-empty parameter represents the name of the sub-conference up to 16 characters length (only letters and digits are allowed as the name of the sub-conference); if the parameter is empty the sessions are being detached from the sub-conference

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectValidationException

Note:

This function was created in version 2.3 and did not exist in previous versions.

• **qaEngage** (long sessionId) – Engages Q&A session for the conference participant referenced by ID. This function should be called when the host selected the call to unmute during the Q&A session.

Parameters:

sessionId – The Session identifier

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

• *qaDisengage* (long sessionId) – Disengages Q&A session for the conference participant referenced by ID. This function should be called when the host wants to mute the questioner and remove him from the question queue during Q&A session.

Parameters:

sessionId – The Session identifier

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

• qaEngageNext (long conferenceId) - Enables Q&A session for the first call in the queue.

Parameters:

conference Id – The conference identifier

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

• *qaSetMode* (long conferenceId, long mode) – Starts, stops or clears Q&A queue for the specific conference.

Parameters:

conferenceId – The conference identifier

mode – The Q&A conference mode:

```
public static long QA_MODE_CLOSED = 2L
public static long QA_MODE_OPEN = 0L
public static long QA_MODE_CLEAR = 1L
```

Note: mode QA_MODE_CLOSED (2L) starts Q&A mode for the conference; mode QA_MODE_OPEN (0L) stops Q&A mode for the conference; mode QA_MODE_CLEAR (1L) clears Q&A queue for the conference.

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

• *qaMuteMode* (long conferenceId, long mode) — Mutes or un-mutes active Q&A session for the specific conference.

Parameters:

```
conferenceId - The conference identifier
mode - The Q&A active session mode (0 - unmuted, 1 - muted):
   public static long MUTE_MODE_OPEN = 0L
   public static long MUTE_MODE_RELAXED = 1L
```

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

• **startConferenceRecording** (long conferenceId, String pin, String accessCode) – This function starts the conference recording. If the conference call flow is CONF, and the recording method (recording_method) call flow attribute value is either "local+pin" or "remote+pin", the subscriber's pin (that usually could be requested from the user) and the conference host access code

should be transferred to this method as its parameters pin and accessCode to perform recording authorization. Otherwise these parameters should be empty.

Parameters:

conferenceId - The Conference identifier

pin – The Subscriber's pin

accessCode - The host access code

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

• **stopConferenceRecording** (long conferenceId) – This function stops the conference recording.

Parameters:

conferenceId – The Conference identifier

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

• **setConferenceJobCode** (long conferenceId, String jobCode) — Sets the specified job code for the specific started conference.

Parameters:

conferenceId – The conference identifier jobCode – The job code that should be set

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

Note:

This function was created in version 2.4 and did not exist in previous versions.

• **getDialoutSubscribers** (long conferenceNumber) – This function returns the list of DialoutSubscriber objects that were previously stored for the specific conference (Conference Info).

Parameters:

 $conference Number-The\ number\ of\ conference\ which\ Dialout Subscriber\ objects\ you\ would\ like\ to\ get$

Returns:

list of DialoutSubscriber objects

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

Note:

This function was created in version 2.3 and did not exist in previous versions.

• updateDialoutSubscribers (long conferenceNumber, DialoutSubscriber[] dialoutSubscribers) - This function updates DialoutSubscribers objects and associates them with the specific conference (Conference Info).

Parameters:

conferenceNumber – The number of conference which DialoutSubscriber objects you would like to update

dialoutSubscribers – The list of DialoutSubscriber objects that represents information necessary to perform the specific dialout

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectValidationException

Note:

This function was created in version 2.3 and did not exist in previous versions.

• **dialout** (DialoutSubscriber[] dialoutSubscribers, String attributes) – This function initiates outgoing calls to the specified phone numbers and tries to connect specified callers to the specific conference. The list of information necessary to perform the specific dial-outs presented in dialoutSubscribers parameter; if the connection is successful the user will be joined to the conference according to the access code and the conference DNIS number specified in list of DialoutSubscriber objects. Parameter attributes can alter some dial-out logic. Parameters:

dialoutSubscribers – The list of DialoutSubscriber objects that represents information necessary to perform the specific dialout (such as conference DNIS number, callers phone number to dialout, access code that should be used to connect to the conference, and the custom user name that should be set to the caller)

attributes – The custom attributes that can alter some dial-out logic

Returns:

long count of successful dial-outs, i.e. number of calls that were successfully dialed out to the conference

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

ObjectValidationException

• **dialoutEx** (String phoneNumber, String did, long conferenceNumber, String accessCode, String attributes) — This function initiates outgoing call to specified phone number and tries to connect the participant to the specified conference using the access code provided.

```
Parameters:
```

phoneNumber – The phone number to dial-out

did – The bridge phone number the participant has to be connected to

conferenceNumber – The actual conference number

accessCode – The actual access code that should be used to connect to the conference; to connect to sub-conference right after dialout the access code could be formed as <actual access code> <sub-conference name>

attributes – The SIP Header that should be added to the call (or empty string if no SIP header should be added)

Returns:

long identifier of the created session

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

ObjectValidationException

• **startListen** (long conferenceId, long targetId, boolean muted) – This function directly connects and starts listen/talk the conference referenced by ID in the second parameter for the operator conference referenced by ID in the first parameter (the same as *4 on touch tone keypad).

Parameters:

conferenceId – The Operator Conference identifier

targetId – The target Conference identifier (the conference to listen)

muted-The flag represents should the operator be muted (true) or should the operator be able to talk (false) in the connected conference

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

• **stopListen** (long conferenceId) – This function stops listen the conference for the operator conference referenced by ID.

Parameters:

conferenceId – The Operator Conference identifier

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

• **joinConferences** (long conferenceId, long targetId) – This function connects, i.e. joins to the target conference referenced by ID in the second parameter with the conference referenced by ID in the first parameter; both conferences will be joined and the callers from these conferences will be able to talk to each other.

Parameters:

conferenceId – The source or Operator Conference identifier to join

targetId – The target Conference identifier to join

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

• **disconnectConferences** (long conferenceId) – This function destroys the link created between two conference using <code>joinConferences</code> function, i.e. it disconnects the source or Operator conference and stops talking for this conference referenced by ID.

Parameters:

conferenceId – The source or Operator Conference identifier

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

• **startMonitoring** (long conferenceId) – This function starts conference monitoring (surveillance call) for the operator conference referenced by ID (the same as *1 on touch tone keypad).

Parameters:

conferenceId - The Operator Conference identifier

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

Note:

This function replaces startScan used in version 1.4.

• **stopMonitoring** (long conferenceId) – This function stops conference monitoring (surveillance call) for the operator conference referenced by ID.

Parameters:

conferenceId – The Operator Conference identifier

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

Note:

This function replaces stopScan used in version 1.4.

• **startTalk** (long conferenceId, long sessionId) – This function starts operator conversation with the user from operator queue; the operator conference is referenced by the identifier specified in the first parameter, the call session is referenced by the identifier specified in the second parameter, but if the call session ID is negative or zero the first user from the operator queue will be taken to start his conversation with the operator (the same as *2 on touch tone keypad).

Parameters:

conferenceId – The Operator Conference identifier

sessionId – The Session identifier to start talking with the operator or 0 to start talking with the first user from the queue

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

• **dropTalk** (long conferenceId) – This functions stops current conversation with the connected user for the operator conference referenced by ID and returns the user to his conference or ivr (the same as *3 on touch tone keypad); the operator is ready to process the next user.

Parameters:

conferenceId – The Operator Conference identifier

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

• **rejectSession** (long sessionId) – This functions rejects the specific session referenced by ID from the operator queue, i.e. the conversion with the user will be refused and the user will be removed from the operator queue.

Parameters:

sessionId – The Session identifier of the user that should be removed from the operator queue

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

• reattachCall (long sessionId, String did, String accessCode, long role) - This function attaches the call to the conference. Note, additional CDR record is being created for the reattached call.

Parameters: sessionId – The Session identifier

did – The bridge phone number the participant has to be connected to

accessCode – The actual access code that should be used to connect to the conference

role – The role (mode) that will be granted to the call in the conference:

```
public static long MODE_HOST = 1L
public static long MODE_LISTENER = 3L
public static long MODE PARTICIPANT = 2L
```

Note if the role can be determined using the access code it has higher priority than the role.

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

setSessionRole (long sessionId, long role) – This function changes
the role of the call in the conference. Note: no additional CDR record is being created
for the call.

Parameters:

```
sessionId – The Session identifier
```

role – The role (mode) that will be granted to the call in the conference:

```
public static long MODE_HOST = 1L
public static long MODE_LISTENER = 3L
public static long MODE PARTICIPANT = 2L
```

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

Note:

This function was created in version 2.3 and did not exist in previous versions.

• **setGainLevel** (long sessionId, long level) — Sets the microphone volume level of the call referenced by ID.

Parameters:

sessionId – The Session identifier

level – The microphone volume level, it could be from -10 till 10 or 255; -10 is the quietest (lowest) sound level, 10 is the loudest (highest) sound level, 255 denotes that the microphone level is being automatically adjusted by the backend

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

Note:

This function was created in version 2.1 and did not exist in previous versions.

• **startPolling** (long conferenceId, String keys) – This function starts polling within specific conference with selected options (the same as #5 on touch tone keypad).

Parameters:

conferenceId – The conference identifier

keys – Available options (digits 1, 2, ..., 9, 0)

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

Note:

This function was created in version 2.1 and did not exist in previous versions.

• **stopPolling** (long conferenceId) – This function stops polling within specific conference referenced by conference number (the same as #5 on touch tone keypad).

Parameters:

conferenceId – The conference identifier

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

Note:

This function was created in version 2.1 and did not exist in previous versions.

• *getPollingResults* (long conferenceId) – This function allows getting list of polling results for the specific conference referenced by the ID.

Parameters:

conferenceId - The Conference identifier

Returns:

list of PollingResult objects

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

Note:

This function was created in version 2.1 and did not exist in previous versions.

Subscribers' Conferences Management

• **getSubscriberConferences** (long offset, long limit, String filter, String order) – This function returns the list of SubscriberConference objects which match the given filter. Each of subscriber's conference object represents subscriber's conference (either started or not started) and its subscriber information

with up to three conference users (for host, participant, and listener) information describing this conference. So the conference information returned by this method is always unique; if the conference is used by multiple subscribers the subscriber who first created it will be returned.

Parameters:

offset - zero based offset in recordset.

limit - maximum number of objects to return.

filter - The criteria to use to filter the rows. The criteria should be a simple sql conditional statement started with one or more SubscriberConference field names or composite (compound) statement relative to Subscriber and Conferences fields names.

Acceptable operators: <=, >=, !=, =, <, >, like (case sensitive), ilike (case insensitive), and. Note: or-clauses and brackets are not supported.

For example pin='12' or pin like'%2%' or subscriberId >= 15.

Empty string or null means no filter.

order - A string specifying SubscriberConference field name and sort direction. For example "pin" or "email desc". The default direction is asc and can be omitted.

Empty string or null means no order.

Subscriber related acceptable fields for filtering and sorting:

- subscriber.subscriberId
- subscriber.parentId
- subscriber.pin
- subscriber.password
- subscriber.firstName
- subscriber lastName
- fullName
- subscriber.email
- subscriber.address1
- subscriber.city
- subscriber.state
- subscriber.zip
- subscriber.country
- subscriber.phoneNumber
- confuser.hostAccessCode
- confuser.participantAccessCode
- confuser.listenerAccessCode
- confuser.confuserId
- confuser.dnisId
- confuser.role
- confuser.subscriberId
- confuser.conferenceInfo.conferenceNumber
- confuser.dnis.did

Conference related acceptable fields for filtering and sorting:

- conference.conferenceId
- conference.conferenceNumber
- conference.created ('yyyy.MM.dd/hh:mm' format)
- conference duration

- conference.participantCnt
- conference.isSecured
- conference.muteMode

Please note: all conference filters are being applied to the active conferences only! Otherwise you can use the confuser.conferenceInfo filters (for example to filter by the conference number you can use confuser.conferenceInfo.conferenceNumber field).

Returns:

list of SubscriberConference objects

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

Note:

This function was created in version 2.2 and did not exist in previous versions.

 getSubscriberConferencesCount (String filter) – This function returns number of SubscriberConference that match the given filter, i.e. the number of unique subscriber's conferences.

Parameters:

filter - The criteria to use to filter the rows. The criteria should be a simple sql conditional statement started with one or more SubscriberConference field names or composite (compound) statement relative to Subscriber and Conferences fields names.

Acceptable operators: <=, >=, !=, =, <, >, like (case sensitive), ilike (case insensitive), and. Note: or-clauses and brackets are not supported.

For example pin='12' or pin like'%2%' or subscriberId >= 15.

Empty string or null means no filter.

Subscriber related acceptable fields for filtering and sorting:

- subscriber.subscriberId
- subscriber.parentId
- subscriber.pin
- subscriber.password
- subscriber.firstName
- subscriber.lastName
- fullName
- subscriber.email
- subscriber.address1
- subscriber.city
- subscriber.state
- subscriber.zip
- subscriber.country
- subscriber.phoneNumber
- confuser.hostAccessCode
- confuser.participantAccessCode
- confuser.listenerAccessCode
- confuser confuserId
- · confuser.dnisId
- confuser.role

- confuser.subscriberId
- confuser.conferenceInfo.conferenceNumber
- confuser.dnis.did

Conference related acceptable fields for filtering and sorting:

- conference.conferenceId
- conference.conferenceNumber
- conference.created ('yyyy.MM.dd/hh:mm' format)
- conference.duration
- conference.participantCnt
- conference.isSecured
- conference.muteMode

Please note: all conference filters are being applied to the active conferences only! Otherwise you can use the confuser.conferenceInfo filters (for example to filter by the conference number you can use confuser.conferenceInfo.conferenceNumber field).

Returns:

long count of SubscriberConference objects

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

Note:

This function was created in version 2.2 and did not exist in previous versions.

CDRs Management

• **getConferenceDR** (long conferenceId) - This function returns full details about the ConferenceDR referenced by the ID.

Parameters:

conferenceId - The Conference identifier

Returns:

ConferenceDR object

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

• **getConferenceDRs** (long offset, long limit, String filter, String order) – This function returns list of ConferenceDRs which are registered for the subscriber. For administrator it returns whole list of records.

Parameters:

offset - zero based offset in recordset.

limit - maximum number of objects to return.

filter - The criteria to use to filter the rows. The criteria should be a simple sql conditional statement started with one or more ConferenceDR field names.

Acceptable operators: <=, >=, !=, =, <, >, like (case sensitive), ilike (case insensitive), and. Note: or-clauses and brackets are not supported.

For example:

```
conferenceId = 5424
duration > 300 and duration < 400
duration > 300 and conferenceNumber = 160
participantCnt > 2 and participantCnt < 22
created like '%11/04/2011%' and dropped > '2011.11.05/09:00'
```

- Accepted fields:
 - conferenceId
 - conferenceNumber
 - created ('yyyy.MM.dd/hh:mm' format)
 - dropped ('yyyy.MM.dd/hh:mm' format)
 - duration
 - participantCnt

Empty string or null means no filter.

order - A string specifying ConferenceDR field name and sort direction.

For example "conferenceNumber" or "created desc". The default direction is asc and can be omitted.

Empty string or null means no order.

Returns:

list of ConferenceDR objects

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

• **getConferenceDRsCount** (String filter) - This function returns number of ConferenceDRs stored in local CDR db.

Parameters:

filter - The criteria to use to filter the rows. The criteria should be a simple sql conditional statement started with one or more ConferenceDR field names.

Acceptable operators: <=, >=, !=, =, <, >, like (case sensitive), ilike (case insensitive), and. Note: or-clauses and brackets are not supported.

For example:

conferenceId = 5424

duration > 300 and duration < 400

duration > 300 and conferenceNumber = 160

participantCnt > 2 and participantCnt < 22

created like '%11/04/2011%' and dropped > '2011.11.05/09:00'

Accepted fields:

- conferenceId
- conferenceNumber
- created ('yyyy.MM.dd/hh:mm' format)
- dropped ('yyyy.MM.dd/hh:mm' format)
- duration
- participantCnt

Empty string or null means no filter.

Returns:

long count of ConferenceDR objects

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

• **getSessionDR** (long sessionId) - This function returns full details about the SessionDR referenced by the ID.

Parameters:

sessionId – The Session identifier

Returns:

SessionDR object

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

• **getSessionDRs** (long offset, long limit, String filter, String order) - This function returns list of SessionDRs allowed to view. Parameters:

offset – zero based offset in recordset.

limit – maximum number of objects to return.

filter – The criteria to use to filter the rows. The criteria should be a simple sql conditional statement started with one or more SessionDR field names.

Acceptable operators: <= , >= , != , = , < , > , like (case sensitive), ilike (case insensitive), and. Note: or-clauses and brackets are not supported.

For example:

conferenceId = 5424

created > '2011.08.10/00:00' and created < '2011.08.20/00:00'

created like '%11/04/2011%' and dropped > '2011.11.05/09:00'

Accepted fields:

- · conferenceId
- conferenceNumber
- created ('yyyy.MM.dd/hh:mm' format)
- dropped ('yyyy.MM.dd/hh:mm' format)
- duration
- role
- joined
- customName
- caller;
- callee:
- addressFrom;
- addressTo;
- accessCode;
- disconnectReason;

Empty string or null means no filter.

order – A string specifying SessionDR field name and sort direction.

For example "created desc". The default direction is asc and can be omitted. Empty string or null means no order.

Returns:

list of SessionDR objects

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

• **getSessionDRsCount** (String filter) - This function returns number of SessionDRs stored in local CDR db.

Parameters:

filter – The criteria to use to filter the rows. The criteria should be a simple sql conditional statement started with one or more SessionDR field names.

Acceptable operators: <=, >=, !=, =, <, >, like (case sensitive), ilike (case insensitive), and. Note: or-clauses and brackets are not supported.

For example:

conferenceId = 5424

created > '2011.08.10/00:00' and created < '2011.08.20/00:00'

created like '%11/04/2011%' and dropped > '2011.11.05/09:00'

Accepted fields:

- conferenceId
- conferenceNumber
- created ('yyyy.MM.dd/hh:mm' format)
- dropped ('yyyy.MM.dd/hh:mm' format)
- duration
- role
- joined
- customName
- caller;
- callee:
- addressFrom;
- addressTo:
- accessCode;
- disconnectReason;

Empty string or null means no filter.

Returns:

long count of SessionDR objects

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

• **getReportSummary** (String reportType, String filter) – This function returns reporting summary information for conferences, calls, and operator statistic reports according to the specified filter. This information includes number of conferences, number of calls and total calls duration in seconds.

Parameters:

reportType – The type of the report which summary you would like to get; it could be one of the following values: *conferences* – for conferences report, i.e. summary data for *getConferenceDRs* function will be returned if this reportType is specified; *calls* – for calls

report, i.e. summary data for *getSessionDRs* function will be returned if this is reportType specified; *operators* – for operator statistic report, i.e. summary data for *getOperatorsStatistic* function will be returned if this is reportType specified.

filter – The criteria to use to filter the report data. The criteria should be a simple sql conditional statement started with one or more ConferenceDR / SessionDR field names depending on the report type (see detail information for getConferenceDRs and getSessionDRs functions).

Acceptable operators: <=, >=, !=, =, <, >, like (case sensitive), ilike (case insensitive), and. Note: or-clauses and brackets are not supported.

Accepted fields:

- created ('yyyy.MM.dd/hh:mm' format)
- dropped ('yyyy.MM.dd/hh:mm' format)

For example:

created > '2010.11.10/00:00' and created < '2010.11.20/00:00' created like '%11/04/2011%' and dropped > '2011.11.05/09:00'

Returns:

string report summary information depending on the type of the report –

• conferences

conferences:<number of conferences>;calls:<number of calls joined to these conferences>;seconds:<total duration of the calls joined to these conferences in seconds>

• calls

calls:<number of calls>;seconds:<total duration of these calls in seconds>

operators

total_requests_count:<number of requests users generated to operators>;total_request_answered:<number of requests answered by operators>;average_wait_time:<average time users spent in the queue waiting for operators>;

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

Note:

This function was created in version 2.2 and did not exist in previous versions.

• **getCustomReportRecords** (String reportType, long offset, long limit, String filter, String order) – This function returns the list of strings; each returned string represents custom report data separated by semicolon (;) depending on the type of the report – either for DNIS report (*dnises*) or for Disconnect report (*disconnects*) according to the specified filter and in the specified order. The information returned by this function includes either DNIS numbers, number of calls and total duration of the calls in seconds for DNIS report or disconnect reasons, disconnect causes (standard Q.931 (ISDN) disconnect cause codes list can be used to decode the disconnect reasons in ISDN messages¹), and number of disconnects for Disconnect report.

¹ You can find additional information regarding to Disconnect Cause Codes, including the complete list of the codes using the following URLs:

[•] http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Q.931

Parameters:

reportType – The type of the report which data you would like to get; it could be one of the following values: *dnises* – for DNIS report, i.e. CDR data grouped by DNIS number will be returned if this reportType is specified; *disconnects* – for Disconnect report, i.e. CDR data grouped by the disconnect reason will be returned if this reportType is specified.

offset – zero based offset in recordset.

limit – maximum number of objects to return.

filter – The criteria to use to filter the report data. The criteria should be a simple sql conditional statement started with one or more field names depending on the report type (see detail information below in accepted fields lists).

Acceptable operators: <=, >=, !=, =, <, >, like (case sensitive), ilike (case insensitive), and. Note: or-clauses and brackets are not supported.

Accepted fields for both report types:

- created ('yyyy.MM.dd/hh:mm' format)
- dropped ('yyyy.MM.dd/hh:mm' format)
- count

Accepted fields for *dnises*:

- dnis
- duration

Accepted fields for disconnects:

- disconnectReason
- disconnectCause

For example:

created > '2010.11.10/00:00' and created < '2010.11.20/00:00' created like '%11/04/2011%' and dropped > '2011.11.05/09:00'

Note: if you use filter by count, this condition clause should be the last one.

order – A string specifying one of the above mentioned fields names and sort direction.

For example "count desc". The default direction is asc and can be omitted.

Returns:

list of strings that represent semicolon-separated custom report information depending on the type of the report –

dnises

<DNIS number>;<number of calls to this DNIS number>;<total duration of the calls to this DNIS number in seconds>

disconnects

<disconnect reason>;<disconnect cause>;<number of calls disconnected by
this reason and cause>

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

Note:

This function was created in version 2.2 and did not exist in previous versions.

^{• &}lt;a href="http://networking.ringofsaturn.com/Routers/isdncausecodes.php">http://networking.ringofsaturn.com/Routers/isdncausecodes.php

• **getCustomReportRecordsCount** (String reportType, String filter) – This function returns number of the specific custom report records that fit with the specified filter. If the custom report type is *dnises* (DNIS report) this function returns number of different DNIS numbers, if the custom report type is *disconnects* (Disconnect report) this function returns number of different disconnect reasons – both according to the filter that was specified.

Parameters:

reportType – The type of the report which data you would like to calculate; it could be one of the following values: *dnises* – for DNIS report, i.e. CDR data grouped by DNIS number will be counted up if this reportType is specified; *disconnects* – for Disconnect report, i.e. CDR data grouped by the disconnect reason will be counted up if this reportType is specified.

filter – The criteria to use to filter the report data. The criteria should be a simple sql conditional statement started with one or more field names depending on the report type (see detail information below in accepted fields lists).

Acceptable operators: \leq , \geq , != , = , \leq , > , like (case sensitive), ilike (case insensitive), and. Note: or-clauses and brackets are not supported.

Accepted fields for both report types:

- created ('yyyy.MM.dd/hh:mm' format)
- dropped ('yyyy.MM.dd/hh:mm' format)
- count

Accepted fields for dnises:

- dnis
- duration

Accepted fields for disconnects:

- disconnectReason
- disconnectCause

For example:

created > '2010.11.10/00:00' and created < '2010.11.20/00:00' created like '%11/04/2011%' and dropped > '2011.11.05/09:00'

Note: if you use filter by count, this condition clause should be the last one.

Returns:

long count of the custom report records depending on the type of the report –

dnises

count of different DNIS numbers

disconnects

count of different disconnect reasons

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

Note:

This function was created in version 2.2 and did not exist in previous versions.

• **listAudioFiles** (long conferenceNumber, String pattern) — This function returns the list of user's audio files (recordings and uploaded streaming audiofiles) according to the specified pattern and conference number.

Parameters:

conferenceNumber – The conference number (note: it is not conferenceId) pattern – The filename wildcard pattern

Returns:

list of FileDescriptor objects

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

deleteAudioFiles (long conferenceNumber, String pattern) –
 This function deletes user's audio files (recordings and uploaded streaming audio) according to the specified pattern and conference number.

Parameters:

conferenceNumber – The conference number (note: it is not conferenceId) pattern – The filename wildcard pattern

For example:

deleteAudioFiles(223344, "16777264.")* to delete all audio files for the conference with the number *223344* and the identifier *16777264*)

Returns:

long number of deleted files

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

updateFileDescriptor (long conferenceNumber,

 $\label{lem:problem} \mbox{FileDescriptor fileDescriptor)} - \mbox{This function allows to change the file description only.}$

Parameters:

conferenceNumber – The conference number (note: it is not conferenceId) fileDescriptor – The FileDescriptor object (with correct description) to update

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

ObjectValidationException

• **shareRecording** (long conferenceId, DateTime expirePeriod, boolean allowDownload) – Usually to get access to the recorded conference files the user should be authorized on the bridge. This function should be used if it is necessary to generate the link to the conference audio files that will be available without authorization; this link will be temporary available and it will be valid limited time only; using this URL any users will be able to listen (download) recording without authorization. The recorded files URL is stored in the recordingUrl property of the ConferenceDR object; the shared recorded files URL, created by this function, is stored in the sharedRecordingUrl property of the ConferenceDR object.

Parameters:

conferenceId – The Conference identifier reference number

expirePeriod – The period of time over which the shared link will be invalidated allowDownload – The flag showing whether mp3 download is allowed or

disallowed

Returns:

string shared recording URL

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

• **getDtmfHistory** (long sessionId) - This function returns list of DTMF commands for the specific Session or SessionDR object referenced by the ID.

Parameters:

sessionId – The Session identifier

Returns:

list of DtmfEvent objects

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

Note:

This function was created in version 2.1 and did not exist in previous versions.

• **getOperatorsStatistic** (long offset, long limit, String filter, String order) – This function allows getting list of OperatorStatistic objects. To implement paging you can call it with the proper offset and limit. Parameters:

offset - zero based offset in recordset.

limit - maximum number of objects to return.

filter - The criteria to use to filter the rows. The criteria should be a simple sql conditional statement started with one or more OperatorStatistic field names.

Acceptable operators: <=, >=, !=, =, <, >, like (case sensitive), ilike (case insensitive), and. Note: or-clauses and brackets are not supported.

For example:

created like '%11/04/2011%' and created > '2011 11 05/09:00'

Accepted fields:

• created ('yyyy.MM.dd/hh:mm' format)

Empty string or null means no filter.

order - A string specifying OperatorStatistic field name and sort direction.

For example "created desc". The default direction is asc and can be omitted.

Empty string or null means no order.

Returns:

list of OperatorStatistic objects

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

Note:

Parameters:

This function was created in version 2.1 and did not exist in previous versions.

• **getOperatorsStatisticCount** (String filter) - This function returns number of OperatorStatistic objects according to specified filter.

filter - The criteria to use to filter the rows. The criteria should be a simple sql conditional statement started with one or more OperatorStatistis field names.

Acceptable operators: $\langle =, \rangle =, !=, =, <, >$, like (case sensitive), ilike (case insensitive), and. Note: or-clauses and brackets are not supported.

For example:

created like '%11/04/2011%' and created > '2011.11.05/09:00'

Accepted fields:

• created ('yyyy.MM.dd/hh:mm' format)

Empty string or null means no filter.

Returns:

long count of OperatorStatistic objects

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

Note:

This function was created in version 2.1 and did not exist in previous versions.

Call Flow and DNIS Management

• **getCallFlow** (long callFlowId) – This function returns full details about the CallFlow referenced by the ID provided.

Parameters:

callFlowId – The CallFlow identifier

Returns:

CallFlow object

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

• **getCallFlows** (long offset, long limit, String filter, String order) – This function returns list of CallFlows which match the filter provided. There are two parameters *offset* and *limit* to help to implement paging on the web application. Please note that by default the *attributesTemplate* field in returned call flows is populated with call flow attributes for each returned call flow; if you are getting large number of call flows and/or would like to avoid huge amount of data to be transferred in case if big request is processing call flow objects, to suppress call flow attributes for call flows using this command (i.e. to return null as *attributesTemplate* field value), you should add *stripAttributes* keyword (case-sensitive) to your filter parameter.

Parameters:

offset - zero based offset in recordset.

limit - maximum number of objects to return.

filter - The criteria to use to filter the rows. The criteria should be a simple sql conditional statement started with one or more CallFlow field names.

Acceptable operators: <=, >=, !=, =, <, >, like (case sensitive), ilike (case insensitive), and. Note: or-clauses and brackets are not supported.

For example name='12' or name like'%2%' or collFlowId >= 15.

Accepted fields:

- callFlowId
- name
- path

Filter samples:

name='SPECTEL'

name like '%C%' stripAttributes

stripAttributes

Empty string or null means no filter.

order - A string specifying CallFlow field name and sort direction.

For example "name" or "name desc". The default direction is asc and can be omitted.

Empty string or null means no order.

Returns:

list of CallFlow objects

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

• **getCallFlowsCount** (String filter) – This function returns number of CallFlows on the bridge which match the filter provided.

Parameters:

filter - The criteria to use to filter the rows. The criteria should be a simple sql conditional statement started with one or more CallFlow field names.

Acceptable operators: <=, >=, !=, =, <, >, like (case sensitive), ilike (case insensitive), and. Note: or-clauses and brackets are not supported.

For example name='12' or name like'%2%' or collFlowId >= 15.

Accepted fields:

- callFlowId
- name
- path

Empty string or null means no filter.

Returns:

long count of CallFlow objects

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

• **getDNIS** (long dnisId) – This function returns full details about the DNIS referenced by the ID provided.

Parameters:

dnisId - The DNIS identifier

Returns:

DNIS object

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

• **getDNISCount** (String filter) - This function returns number of DNISes on the bridge which match the filter provided.

Parameters:

filter - The criteria to use to filter the rows. The criteria should be a simple sql conditional statement started with one or more DNIS field names.

Acceptable operators: <=, >=, !=, =, <, >, like (case sensitive), ilike (case insensitive), and. Note: or-clauses and brackets are not supported.

For example did='12' or did like'%2%' or callFlowId >= 15.

Accepted fields:

- callFlowId
- dnisId
- did
- description
- alias.mask
- alias.description

Empty string or null means no filter.

Returns:

long count of DNIS objects

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

• **getDNISes** (long offset, long limit, String filter, String order) – This function returns list of DNISes (phone numbers) which match the filter provided. There are two parameters *offset* and *limit* to help to implement paging on the web application. Please note that by default the *attributes* field in DNIS is populated with call flow attributes for each returned DNIS number; if you are getting large number of DNISes and/or would like to avoid huge amount of data to be transferred in case if big request is processing DNIS objects, to suppress call flow attributes for DNIS numbers using this command (i.e. to return null as *attributes* field value), you should add *stripAttributes* keyword (case-sensitive) to your filter parameter.

Parameters:

offset - zero based offset in recordset.

limit - maximum number of objects to return.

filter - The criteria to use to filter the rows. The criteria should be a simple sql conditional statement started with one or more DNIS field names.

Acceptable operators: <=, >=, !=, =, <, >, like (case sensitive), ilike (case insensitive), and. Note: or-clauses and brackets are not supported.

Filter samples:

```
did ='12'
did like'%2%' or callFlowId >= 15
did like '%12%' stripAttributes
alias.mask like '%22%' and description like 'test%' stripAttributes
stripAttributes
Empty string or null means no filter.
order - A string specifying DNIS field name and sort direction.
For example "name" or "name desc". The default direction is asc and can be
```

omitted.

Accepted fields:

- callFlowId
- dnisId
- did
- description
- alias.mask
- alias.description

Empty string or null means no order.

Returns:

list of DNIS objects

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

• updateCallFlow (CallFlow callflow) - The method updates CallFlow object.

Parameters:

callflow - The CallFlow object

Returns:

updated CallFlow object

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectValidationException

• **createDNIS** (DNIS dnis) – This function creates a new DNIS with the details specified in the input parameter. Please note that only administrator can create new DNISes.

Parameters:

dnis – The DNIS object

Returns:

created DNIS object

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectValidationException

• **updateDNIS** (DNIS dnis) – This function updates DNIS with the new information. Please note that only administrator has a permission to update DNIS.

Parameters:

dnis - The DNIS object

Returns:

updated DNIS object

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectValidationException

• **deleteDNTS** (long dnisId) – This function deletes DNIS referenced by the ID from the server. When DNIS is being deleted all confusers (conference accounts) associated with this DNIS also are being deleted. Please note that only administrator has a permission to delete DNIS.

Parameters:

dnisId – The DNIS identifier

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

 getServerAttributes () – This function returns list of system attributes (settings) registered on the bridge along with the current values, i.e. separate Attribute Name – Attribute Value pairs.

Returns:

list of attributes (Attribute objects)

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

• **setServerAttributes** (Attribute[] attributes) - This function allows setting new values to the system attributes, i.e. separate Attribute Name - Attribute Value pairs.

Parameters:

attributes – The list of Attribute objects that need to be updated

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectValidationException

• **getAttributesDescription** (long callflowId) – This function returns the list of call flow attributes with their description for the CallFlow object specified by its identifier. The attribute description is being returned in the *value* field of the returned call flow *Attribute* object.

Parameters:

callflowId - The CallFlow identifier

Returns:

list of Attribute objects

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectNotFoundException

Backend and Frontend Services Management

• **getVersion** () – Returns version of the installed software (like 3.0.31 for the current version).

Returns:

string product version

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

ObjectValidationException

• **getBackendInfo** () – Returns some statistic about backend.

Returns:

string status of Backend Service in the textual format

Returns Sample:

```
Welcome to WYDE.MPs admin console 3.0.31 compiled Aug 9 2011>Started: Thu Aug 11 11:51:23 2011Call: Now=0; Total=8; Peak=3; Last=Fri Aug 12 17:24:04 2011Conf: Now=0; Total=3; Peak=1; Last=Fri Aug 12 16:49:45 2011Brds: Now=1
```

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

• **getFrontendInfo** (String group) – Returns some statistic about frontend.

Parameters:

```
group - group name, for example cmdcount-show, confcount-show,
errcount-show, partcount-show, etc. (service functions)
```

Returns:

string status of Frontend Service in the textual format

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

• **isBackendUp** () – Returns true if backend is up and running.

Returns:

Boolean true if Backend Service is OK, otherwise – false

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

• *isFrontendUp* () – Returns true if frontend is up and running and state can not be determined.

Returns:

Boolean true if frontend is up and running, otherwise – false

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

• **startBackend** () – Tries to start backend with the settings from the DB.

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

• **stopBackend** () - Tries to stop backend.

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

• **startFrontend** () – Tries to start frontend with the settings from the DB.

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

• **stopFrontend** () – Tries to stop frontend.

Returns:

void

Throws Exceptions:

ServerException

AccessDeniedException

Exceptions

- **ServerException** This exception is thrown to indicate that internal server-side error occurred.
- **AccessDeniedException** This exception is thrown to indicate that a requested access (to an object or method) is denied. The request access can be denied according to the security policy.
- *ObjectNotFoundException* This exception is thrown to indicate that requested object can not be found.
- *ObjectValidationException* This exception is thrown to indicate that specified object can not be saved in its current state. Exception contains the collection of field names that should be checked in fieldname property. There are two possible reasons: this field is mandatory (if current value is null) or incorrect value.

If any of these exceptions occurred for all these exceptions msg property contains detail description of the error, i.e. the message that could help to determine the reason of the error.

Constants

• Subscriber

```
public static int ROLE_ADMIN = 1L
public static int ROLE_OPERATOR = 2L
public static int ROLE USER = 3L
```

• Conference

```
public static long MUTE_MODE_CLOSED = 2L
public static long MUTE_MODE_OPEN = 0L
public static long MUTE_MODE_QUESTION = 1L
public static long QA_MODE_CLOSED = 2L
public static long QA_MODE_OPEN = 0L
public static long QA_MODE_CLEAR = 1L
public static long HOLD_MODE_HOST = 1L
public static long HOLD_MODE_PARTICIPANT = 2L
public static long HOLD_MODE_LISTENER = 4L
public static long CONFERENCE_REGULAR = 0L
public static long CONFERENCE_OPERATOR = 1L
public static long CONFERENCE_LISTEN = 2L
public static long CONFERENCE_AUTOLISTEN = 3L
public static long CONFERENCE_AUTOLISTEN_SLEEP = 4L
public static long CONFERENCE_AUTOLISTEN_SLEEP = 4L
public static long CONFERENCE_TALK = 5L
```

• Session

```
public static long MODE_HOST = 1L
public static long MODE_LISTENER = 3L
public static long MODE_PARTICIPANT = 2L
public static long MODE_UNDEFINED = 0L
public static long MODE_DC_LINK = 8L
public static long OPERATOR_STATUS_IDLE = 0L
public static long OPERATOR_STATUS_WAIT = 1L
public static long OPERATOR_STATUS_TALK = 2L
public static long QA_STATUS_ACTIVE = 2L
public static long QA_STATUS_IDLE = 0L
public static long QA_STATUS_RISEDHAND = 1L
public static long STATUS_CLOSED = 3L
public static long STATUS_CONFERENCE = 2L
public static long STATUS_DIALING = 4L
public static long STATUS_IVR = 1L
```

• SessionDR

```
public static long INITIATOR_BRIDGE = 2L
public static long INITIATOR_UNDEFINED = 0L
public static long INITIATOR_USER = 1L
```

• Attribute

```
public static long TYPE_STRING = 0L
public static long TYPE_BILLINGRULE = 1L
public static long TYPE_INT = 2L
public static long TYPE_DTMF = 3L
public static long TYPE_ROLE = 4L
public static long TYPE_CHOICE = 5L
public static long ROLE_CALLFLOW = 3L
public static long ROLE_CONFERENCE = 1L
public static long ROLE_DNIS = 0L
```

Appendix A: Code Samples

WYDE Web Services Initialization

Sample of WYDE Web Services Initialization

```
Sample of WYDE Web Services Initialization
using System;
using System.Xml;
using System.Text;
using System.Net;
using System.Net.Security;
using System.Security.Cryptography.X509Certificates;
using WydeWS.jAdmin;
namespace WYDEWS
  /// <summary>
  ^{\prime\prime} /// Represents base class for the WYDE web services class (jAdmin)
  /// </summary>
  class myJAdmin : jAdmin.jAdmin
    protected override System.Net.WebRequest GetWebRequest(Uri uri)
      System.Net.HttpWebRequest webRequest =
                       (System.Net.HttpWebRequest)base.GetWebRequest(uri);
      webRequest.ProtocolVersion =
                       System.Net.HttpVersion.Version10;
      return webRequest;
      // Custom certificate policy callback used to force the certificate to be accepted
      ServicePointManager.ServerCertificateValidationCallback =
                           new RemoteCertificateValidationCallback(
                               delegate(object sender2, X509Certificate certificate,
                                        X509Chain chain, SslPolicyErrors sslPolicyErrors)
                                 return true;
                               });
      // Define web request object for WYDE web services
      System.Net.HttpWebRequest webRequest =
                       (System.Net.HttpWebRequest)base.GetWebRequest(uri);
      webRequest.ProtocolVersion =
                       System.Net.HttpVersion.Version10;
      return webRequest;
  }
  /// <summary>
  /// Represents entire jAdmin web service helper class
  /// </summary>
  public class clsjAdmin
    #region [ private fields ]
    private myJAdmin ws;
    private String mLastError;
    #endregion
    #region [ constructors and destructors ]
    /// <summarv>
    \ensuremath{///} Initializes a new instance of the class (constructor).
    /// </summary>
    public clsjAdmin()
```

}

```
const String PROC = "clsjAdmin(constructor)";
 String strZone = "";
 try
   // Initialize web service
   strZone = "new myJAdmin()";
   ws = new myJAdmin();
   // WebServiceURL, WebServiceUser, WebServicePassword,
   // WebServiceTimeout parameters: app.config
   strZone = "set web service Url";
   if (!String.IsNullOrEmpty(Utils.AppSettings("WebServiceURL")))
     ws.Url = Utils.AppSettings("WebServiceURL");
   }
   strZone = "new NetworkCredential()";
   if (!String.IsNullOrEmpty(Utils.AppSettings("WebServiceUser")))
     ws.Credentials = new System.Net.NetworkCredential(
         Utils.AppSettings("WebServiceUser"),
         Utils.AppSettings("WebServicePassword"));
   }
   strZone = "set web service Timeout";
   if (Utils.Data2Int(Utils.AppSettings("WebServiceTimeout")) > 0)
     ws.Timeout = Utils.Data2Int(Utils.AppSettings("WebServiceTimeout"));
   }
   strZone = "getVersion";
   ws.getVersion(); // Check if initialization was successful
 catch (Exception ex)
   mLastError = "Error in " + this.GetType().FullName + "." +
               PROC + " (" + strZone + "): " + ex.Message;
/// <summary>
/// Performs deterministic clean up of the class (destructor).
/// </summary>
~clsjAdmin()
 ws.Dispose();
#endregion
#region [ properties ]
/// ............
#endregion
#region [ private methods ]
/// ...........
#endregion
#region [ public methods ]
/// ......
#endregion
```

app.config

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?>
<configuration>
    <configSections>
        <sectionGroup name="applicationSettings"</pre>
type="System.Configuration.ApplicationSettingsGroup, System, Version=2.0.0.0,
Culture=neutral, PublicKeyToken=b77a5c561934e089" >
            <section name="WYDEWS.Properties.Settings"</pre>
type="System.Configuration.ClientSettingsSection, System, Version=2.0.0.0, Culture=neutral,
PublicKeyToken=b77a5c561934e089" requirePermission="false" />
        </sectionGroup>
    </configSections>
    <system.serviceModel>
        <br/>dindings />
        <client />
    </system.serviceModel>
      <appSettings>
            <add key="WebServiceURL"
<add key="WebServiceUser"
<add key="WebServiceUser"
value="admin"/>
            <add key="WebServicePassword" value="admin"/>
            <add key="WebServiceTimeout" value="120000"/> <!-- in milliseconds -->
      </appSettings>
      <applicationSettings>
            <WYDEWS.Properties.Settings>
                  <setting name="WYDEWS_jAdmin_jAdmin" serializeAs="String">
                         <value>https://192.168.1.30/dnca/jAdmin</value>
                  </setting>
            </WYDEWS.Properties.Settings>
      </applicationSettings>
</configuration>
```

Web Methods' XML Requests and Responses

Sample of XML Request for Function with Multiple Parameters Sent

Sample of XML Response for Function with List of Objects Received

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?>
<soap:Envelope xmlns:soap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"</pre>
              xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
               xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
  <soap:Body>
    <ns1:getSessionDRsResponse xmlns:ns1="dnca">
       <ns1:out>
         <ns2:SessionDR xmlns:ns2="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">
            <accessCode xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com"> 11233</accessCode>
           <addressFrom xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">
                "MZ 2003"<sip:3131@192.168.1.30></addressFrom>
           <addressTo xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">
                "12_11233" <sip:12_11233@192.168.1.30></addressTo>
           <bridgeName xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com" xsi:nil="true" />
           <callee xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">12</callee>
           <caller xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">3131</caller>
           <conferenceId xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">
                39750</conferenceId>
           <conferenceNumber xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">
                667788</conferenceNumber>
           <created xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">
                2009-10-30T08:49:08-07:00</created>
           <customName xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">
                'MZ 2003'</customName>
           <disconnectInitiator xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">
                1</disconnectInitiator>
            <disconnectReason xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">
                Normal</disconnectReason>
           <duration xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">
                91</duration>
           <jobCode xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com" xsi:nil="true" />
           <joined xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">
                2009-10-30T08:49:10-07:00</joined>
           <nodeName xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com" xsi:nil="true" />
           <role xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">1</role>
           <sessionId xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">142018/sessionId>
           <subscriberId xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com" xsi:nil="true" />
         </ns2:SessionDR>
         <ns2:SessionDR xmlns:ns2="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">
           <accessCode xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">1233</accessCode>
           <addressFrom xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">
                "unknown" <sip:192.168.1.9></addressFrom>
            <addressTo xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">
                "12_1233" <sip:12_1233@192.168.1.30></addressTo>
           <bridgeName xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com" xsi:nil="true" />
           <callee xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">12</callee>
           <caller xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com" />
           <conferenceId xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">
                39749</conferenceId>
           <conferenceNumber xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">
                667788</conferenceNumber>
           <created xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">
                2009-10-30T08:47:38-07:00</created>
           <customName xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">
                'unknown'</customName>
```

```
<disconnectInitiator xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">
                 1</disconnectInitiator>
           <disconnectReason xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">
                 Normal</disconnectReason>
           <duration xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">87</duration>
           <jobCode xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com" xsi:nil="true" />
           <joined xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">
                 2009-10-30T08:47:40-07:00</joined>
           <nodeName xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com" xsi:nil="true" />
           <role xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">2</role>
           <sessionId xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">142017/sessionId>
           <subscriberId xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com" xsi:nil="true" />
         </ns2:SessionDR>
         <ns2:SessionDR xmlns:ns2="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">
           <accessCode xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">1233</accessCode>
           <addressFrom xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">
                 "MZ 2003"<sip:3131@192.168.1.30></addressFrom>
           <addressTo xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">
                 "12_1233" <sip:12_1233@192.168.1.30></addressTo>
           <bri>dgeName xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com" xsi:nil="true" />
           <callee xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">12</callee>
           <caller xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">3131</caller>
           <conferenceId xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">
                39749</conferenceId>
           <conferenceNumber xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">
                667788</conferenceNumber>
           <created xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">
                 2009-10-30T08:45:49-07:00</created>
           <customName xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">
                 'MZ 2003'</customName>
           <disconnectInitiator
                 xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">1</disconnectInitiator>
           <disconnectReason xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">
                 Normal</disconnectReason>
           <duration xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">195</duration>
           <jobCode xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com" xsi:nil="true" />
           <joined xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">
                 2009-10-30T08:45:51-07:00</joined>
           <nodeName xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com" xsi:nil="true" />
           <role xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">2</role>
           <sessionId xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">142016/sessionId>
           <subscriberId xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com" xsi:nil="true" />
         </ns2:SessionDR>
       </ns1:out>
    </ns1:getSessionDRsResponse>
  </soap:Body>
</soap:Envelope>
```

Sample of XML Request for Function with the Object Parameter Sent

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?>
                 xmlns:soap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
<soap:Envelope
                 xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
                 xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
    <soap:Body>
        <createSubscriber xmlns="dnca">
                <address1 xsi:nil="true" xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com" />
                <address2 xsi:nil="true" xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com" />
                <city xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">New-York</city>
                <confusers xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">
                    <Confuser>
                        <accessCode>201130</accessCode>
                        <attributes xsi:nil="true" />
                        <conferenceInfo>
                             <description>MMC_JKRAFT</description>
                        </conferenceInfo>
                        <dnisId>19</dnisId>
                        <role>1</role>
                    </Confuser>
                    <Confuser>
                        <accessCode>637387</accessCode>
                        <attributes xsi:nil="true" />
                        <conferenceInfo xsi:nil="true" />
                        <dnisId>19</dnisId>
                        <role>2</role>
                    </Confuser>
                    <Confuser>
                        <accessCode>451665</accessCode>
                        <attributes xsi:nil="true" />
                        <conferenceInfo xsi:nil="true" />
                        <dnisId>19</dnisId>
                        <role>3</role>
                     </Confuser>
                    </confusers>
                <country xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">US</country>
                <details xsi:nil="true" xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com" />
                <email xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">
                      jkraft@phone-mobile.com</email>
                <firstName xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">Julie</firstName>
                <lastName xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">Kraft//lastName>
                <password xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">321</password>
                <phoneNumber xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">
                      (204) 221-7600</phoneNumber>
                <pin xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">jkraft</pin>
                <zip xsi:nil="true" xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com" />
        </createSubscriber>
    </soap:Body>
</soap:Envelope>
```

Sample of XML Response for Function with the Object Received

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?>
<soap:Envelope xmlns:soap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"</pre>
               xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
               xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
  <soap:Body>
    <ns1:createSubscriberResponse xmlns:ns1="dnca">
       <ns1:out>
         <address1 xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com" xsi:nil="true" />
         <address2 xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com" xsi:nil="true" />
         <city xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">New-York</city>
         <confusers xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">
            <Confuser>
              <accessCode>201130</accessCode>
              <attributes>
                 <Attribute>
                   <enumValues />
                   <isOverridden>false</isOverridden>
                   <name>call_announceparticipantcount</name>
                   <role>1</role>
                   <type>0</type>
                   <value>hpl</value>
                 </Attribute>
                 <Attribute>
                   <enumValues />
                   <isOverridden>false</isOverridden>
                   <name>call_exit_dtmf</name>
                   <role>1</role>
                   <type>0</type>
                   <value />
                 </Attribute>
                 <Attribute>
                   <enumValues />
                   <isOverridden>false</isOverridden>
                   <name>call_instructions_dtmf</name>
                   <role>1</role>
                   <type>0</type>
                   <value>hp</value>
                 </Attribute>
                 <Attribute>
                   <enumValues />
                   <isOverridden>false</isOverridden>
                   <name>call_mute_dtmf</name>
                   <role>1</role>
                   <type>0</type>
                   <value>hp</value>
                 </Attribute>
                 <Attribute>
                   <enumValues />
                   <isOverridden>false</isOverridden>
                   <name>call_operator_dtmf</name>
                   <role>1</role>
                   <type>0</type>
                   <value />
                 </Attribute>
                 <Attribute>
                   <enumValues />
```

```
<isOverridden>false</isOverridden>
  <name>call_participantsnumber_dtmf</name>
  <role>1</role>
  <type>0</type>
  <value>hp</value>
</Attribute>
<Attribute>
  <enumValues>on,off/enumValues>
  <isOverridden>false</isOverridden>
  <name>conference_callerdb</name>
  <role>1</role>
  <type>0</type>
  <value>off</value>
</Attribute>
<Attribute>
  <enumValues />
  <isOverridden>false</isOverridden>
  <name>conference_dialout_dtmf</name>
  <role>1</role>
  <type>0</type>
  <value>h</value>
</Attribute>
<Attribute>
  <enumValues />
  <isOverridden>false</isOverridden>
  <name>conference_entryexittones_dtmf</name>
  <role>1</role>
  <type>0</type>
  <value />
</Attribute>
<Attribute>
  <enumValues>on,off/enumValues>
  <isOverridden>false</isOverridden>
  <name>conference_entrytones</name>
  <role>1</role>
  <type>0</type>
  <value>on</value>
</Attribute>
<Attribute>
  <enumValues>on,off/enumValues>
  <isOverridden>false</isOverridden>
  <name>conference_exittones</name>
  <role>1</role>
  <type>0</type>
  <value>on</value>
</Attribute>
<Attribute>
  <enumValues>false,true</enumValues>
  <isOverridden>false</isOverridden>
  <name>conference_hold_participant</name>
  <role>1</role>
  <type>0</type>
  <value>false</value>
</Attribute>
<Attribute>
  <enumValues />
  <isOverridden>false</isOverridden>
  <name>conference_lock_dtmf</name>
  <role>1</role>
```

```
<type>0</type>
  <value>h</value>
</Attribute>
<Attribute>
  <enumValues />
  <isOverridden>false</isOverridden>
  <name>conference_maxcalls</name>
  <role>1</role>
  <type>2</type>
  <value>-1</value>
</Attribute>
<Attribute>
  <enumValues />
  <isOverridden>false</isOverridden>
  <name>conference_moh</name>
  <role>1</role>
  <type>0</type>
  <value>default</value>
</Attribute>
<Attribute>
  <enumValues />
  <isOverridden>false</isOverridden>
  <name>conference_mute_dtmf</name>
  <role>1</role>
  <type>0</type>
  <value>h</value>
</Attribute>
<Attribute>
  <enumValues>open,relaxed,strict</enumValues>
  <isOverridden>false</isOverridden>
  <name>conference_mute_listener</name>
  <role>1</role>
  <type>0</type>
  <value>strict</value>
</Attribute>
<Attribute>
  <enumValues />
  <isOverridden>false</isOverridden>
  <name>conference_qa_dtmf</name>
  <role>1</role>
  <type>0</type>
  <value>h</value>
</Attribute>
<Attribute>
  <enumValues>on,off/enumValues>
  <isOverridden>false</isOverridden>
  <name>conference_realtime</name>
  <role>1</role>
  <type>0</type>
  <value>off</value>
</Attribute>
<Attribute>
  <enumValues>first,moderator</enumValues>
  <isOverridden>false</isOverridden>
  <name>conference_start_how</name>
  <role>1</role>
  <type>0</type>
  <value>first</value>
</Attribute>
```

```
<Attribute>
       <enumValues />
       <isOverridden>false</isOverridden>
       <name>conference_start_wait</name>
       <role>1</role>
       <type>2</type>
       <value>300</value>
     </Attribute>
    <Attribute>
       <enumValues>last,moderator</enumValues>
       <isOverridden>false</isOverridden>
       <name>conference_stop_how</name>
       <role>1</role>
       <type>0</type>
       <value>last</value>
    </Attribute>
    <Attribute>
       <enumValues />
       <isOverridden>false</isOverridden>
       <name>conference_stop_wait</name>
       <role>1</role>
       <type>2</type>
       <value>0</value>
    </Attribute>
    <Attribute>
       <enumValues />
       <isOverridden>false</isOverridden>
       <name>recording_dtmf</name>
       <role>1</role>
       <type>0</type>
       <value>h</value>
    </Attribute>
    <Attribute>
       <enumValues>last,moderator</enumValues>
       <isOverridden>false</isOverridden>
       <name>recording_stop_how</name>
       <role>1</role>
       <type>0</type>
       <value>last</value>
    </Attribute>
    <Attribute>
       <enumValues />
       <isOverridden>false</isOverridden>
       <name>recording_stop_wait</name>
       <role>1</role>
       <type>2</type>
       <value>0</value>
    </Attribute>
  </attributes>
  <conferenceInfo>
    <description>MMC_JKRAFT</description>
    <conferenceNumber>916551</conferenceNumber>
  </conferenceInfo>
  <confuserId>45</confuserId>
  <dnisId>19</dnisId>
  <role>1</role>
  <subscriberId>26</subscriberId>
</Confuser>
<Confuser>
```

```
<accessCode>637387</accessCode>
              <attributes />
              <conferenceInfo>
                <description>MMC_JKRAFT</description>
                <conferenceNumber>916551</conferenceNumber>
              </conferenceInfo>
              <confuserId>44</confuserId>
              <dnisId>19</dnisId>
              <role>2</role>
              <subscriberId>26</subscriberId>
            </Confuser>
            <Confuser>
              <accessCode>451665</accessCode>
              <attributes />
              <conferenceInfo>
                 <description>MMC_JKRAFT</description>
                <conferenceNumber>916551</conferenceNumber>
              </conferenceInfo>
              <confuserId>46</confuserId>
              <dnisId>19</dnisId>
              <role>3</role>
              <subscriberId>26</subscriberId>
            </Confuser>
         </confusers>
         <country xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">US</country>
         <created xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">
               2009-10-12T00:00:00-07:00</created>
         <details xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com" xsi:nil="true" />
         <email xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">
               jkraft@phone-mobile.com</email>
         <firstName xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">Julie</firstName>
         <lastName xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">Kraft</lastName>
         <parentId xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">1</parentId>
         <password xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">321</password>
         <phoneNumber xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">
               (204) 221-7600</phoneNumber>
         <pin xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">jkraft</pin>
         <role xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">3</role>
         <subscriberId xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com">26</subscriberId>
         <zip xmlns="http://data.dnca.datanaut.com" xsi:nil="true" />
       </ns1:out>
    </ns1:createSubscriberResponse>
  </soap:Bodv>
</soap:Envelope>
```

Subscribers Management

Sample of Subscriber and his Conference Accounts Creation (Sample_ManageSubscriber1)

```
Sample of Subscriber and his Conference Accounts Creation
Let's review the following scenario:
   we need to create the subscriber;
    when we create the subscriber we need to create three conference accounts
    (conference users) - the first for moderator, the second for participant,
    and the third for listener.
public void Sample ManageSubscriber1()
  // Declare constants
  const int MODE HOST = 1;
                                 // Moderator
  const int MODE PARTICIPANT = 2;
  const int MODE LISTENER = 3;
  const String DNIS = "12";
                                  // We use this DNIS number for sample purposes,
                                  // please use your DNIS number here
  // Declare variables
  Subscriber newSubscriber;
  Subscriber createdSubscriber;
  Confuser moderatorConfuser;
  Confuser participantConfuser;
  Confuser listenerConfuser;
  DNIS[] dnises;
  long dnisId;
  String generatedAccessCode;
  trv
   mLastError = "";
    // Create new instance of Subscriber object (to populate new subscriber fields)
    newSubscriber = new Subscriber();
    // Define all mandatory fields and some optional fields
    newSubscriber.pin = "jkraft";
    newSubscriber.password = "321";
    newSubscriber.city = "New-York";
    newSubscriber.country = "US";
    newSubscriber.email = "jkraft@phone-mobile.com";
    newSubscriber.firstName = "Julie";
    newSubscriber.lastName = "Kraft";
    newSubscriber.phoneNumber = "(204) 221-7600";
    // For instance, we do not want to define additional optional properties,
    // such as newOperatorSubscriber.address1, newOperatorSubscriber.address2, etc.
    // Find DNIS 12 (SPECTEL)
    // Note. In this sample we create sample for DNIS 12 (SPECTEL),
    // you can use your DNIS to create your conference accounts
    dnises = ws.getDNISes(0, 0, "did=" + DNIS, null);
    // XML that was sent to the server see here:
    // Sample_ManageSubscriber1.getDNISes.12_sent.xml
    // XML that was received from the server see here:
    // Sample ManageSubscriber1.getDNISes.12 received.xml
    if (dnises != null && dnises.Length > 0)
      // Create conference users only if the requested DNIS was found
      dnisId = dnises[0].dnisId; // The ID of DNIS
      // Create new instance and populate Confuser object for the moderator role
      generatedAccessCode = ws.generateAccessCode();
                                                        // Generate access code
      // XML that was sent to the server see here:
      // Sample ManageSubscriber1.generateAccessCode.sent.xml
```

```
// XML that was received from the server see here:
// Sample ManageSubscriber1.generateAccessCode.received.xml
 * Programmers notes.
   When we create new conference users (either using createConfuser or
   createSubscriber methods) if conferenceInfo.conferenceNumber == 0 and
   conferenceInfo.description != null, the new ConfInfo object will be created,
   new unique 6-digits conference number will be
   assigned to this ConfInfo object. The created object can be used in new
   conference users creation.
   If when we create the subscriber only one confuser has not null
   conferenceInfo, one new conference number (conference info) will be created
   and all other conference users (where conferenceInfo is null) will be created
   and assigned to this conference info.
   In the sample below we define conferenceInfo for the moderator confuser only;
   because we do not define conferenceInfo for the participant and the listener
   confuser they will be assigned to the same conference number (conferenceInfo)
   that will be created for the moderator.
moderatorConfuser = new Confuser();
moderatorConfuser.accessCode = generatedAccessCode;
moderatorConfuser.dnisId = dnisId;
moderatorConfuser.conferenceInfo = new ConfInfo();
moderatorConfuser.conferenceInfo.description = "MMC JKRAFT";
moderatorConfuser.dnisIdSpecified = true;
moderatorConfuser.role = MODE HOST;
moderatorConfuser.roleSpecified = true;
 * Programmers notes.
   If you are coding on C# or VB.Net in some cases client web services proxy
   code can generate additional parameter  property>Specified (Boolean type).
   This behavior is by design. The issue is with value types that are marked in
   the WSDL as not being required. Since they are value types, they can't
   return. The solution that Microsoft implemented was to add a separate Boolean
   field or property you can set to say whether or not you are supplying the
   value.
   This means that when your .NET application wants to call web service, it needs
   to set the <property>Specified property. This property is not included into XML
   that will be sent to server, but it is used to generate this XML.
   dnisIdSpecified, roleSpecified - are samples of such properties.
// Create new instance and populate Confuser object for the participant role
generatedAccessCode = ws.generateAccessCode();
participantConfuser = new Confuser();
participantConfuser.accessCode = generatedAccessCode;
participantConfuser.dnisId = dnisId;
participantConfuser.dnisIdSpecified = true;
participantConfuser.role = MODE PARTICIPANT;
participantConfuser.roleSpecified = true;
// Create new instance and populate Confuser object for the listener role
generatedAccessCode = ws.generateAccessCode();
listenerConfuser = new Confuser();
listenerConfuser.accessCode = generatedAccessCode;
listenerConfuser.dnisId = dnisId;
listenerConfuser.dnisIdSpecified = true;
listenerConfuser.role = MODE LISTENER;
listenerConfuser.roleSpecified = true;
// Add moderator and participant conference users to new subscribers
// that should be created
newSubscriber.confusers = new Confuser[3];
newSubscriber.confusers.SetValue(moderatorConfuser, 0);
newSubscriber.confusers.SetValue(participantConfuser, 1);
newSubscriber.confusers.SetValue(listenerConfuser, 2);
```

Sample of Subscribers Filtering, Modifications, Conference Accounts Modifications (Sample ManageSubscriber2)

```
Sample of Subscribers Filtering, Modifications, Conference Accounts Modifications
Let's review the following scenario:
    we need to find the subscriber that was created in the previous sample using his pin;
    for the selected subscriber we need to modify his password and email;
    for the selected subscriber we need to remove his conference accounts (conference users)
    with the listener role;
   for the selected subscriber we need to define some custom attributes as well as change
    access code for his conference accounts with host role.
public void Sample ManageSubscriber2()
  // Declare constants
  const int MODE HOST = 1;
                               // Moderator
  const int MODE PARTICIPANT = 2;
  const int MODE LISTENER = 3;
  // Declare variables
  Subscriber[] listSubscribers;
  Subscriber userSubscriber;
  Confuser currentConfuser;
  Confuser[] moderatorConfusers;
  ConfInfo currentConfInfo = null;
  int confusersCount;
  String generatedAccessCode;
   mLastError = "";
    // Find jkraft subscriber (created in previous sample)
    listSubscribers = ws.getSubscribers(0, 0, "pin='jkraft'", "");
    // XML that was sent to the server see here:
    // Sample ManageSubscriber2.getSubscribers.pin sent.xml
    // XML that was received from the server see here:
    // Sample ManageSubscriber2.getSubscribers.pin received.xml
    List<Subscriber> getSubscribers(long offset,
                    long limit,
                    String filter,
                    String order)
                    throws ServerException,
                        AccessDeniedException
    * This function returns list of Subscribers that match filter.
    * Offset and limit allow to implement paging on the web server.
    * Please note that field confusers in Subscriber will not be populated to avoid huge
    * amount of data to be transferred in case if big request is processed.
    * Parameters:
      offset - zero based offset in recordset.
       limit - maximum number of objects to return.
       filter - The criteria to use to filter the rows. The criteria should be a simple sql
            conditional statement started with one or more Subscriber field names.
         Acceptable operators: <= , >= , != , = , < , > , like , ilike, and
         For example login='12' or login like'%2%' or subscriberId >= 15.
         Empty string or null means no filter.
       order - A string specifying Subscriber field name and sort direction.
         For example "login" or "email desc". The default direction
         is asc and can be omitted. Empty string or null means no order.
    * Acceptable fields:
       •subscriberId
       •parentId
       •pin
       password
       firstName
       •lastName
       •email
```

```
•address1
   •city
   ·country
  phoneNumber
* Returns:
 list of Subscriber objects
if (listSubscribers != null && listSubscribers.Length > 0)
{
  * Programmers notes.
    Because getSubscribers method returns only the list of subscribers with their basic
    attributes and does not return conferenceInfo attributes property, we need to call
    getSubscriber method for the subscriber that was found to get his complete set of
 userSubscriber = ws.getSubscriber(listSubscribers[0].subscriberId);
 \ensuremath{//} XML that was sent to the server see here:
 // Sample ManageSubscriber2.getSubscriber.sent.xml
  // XML that was received from the server see here:
 // Sample ManageSubscriber2.getSubscriber.received.xml
 userSubscriber.password = "654321";
 userSubscriber.email = "jkraft@manage.com";
 if (userSubscriber.confusers != null)
   confusersCount = 0;
    for (int idx = 0; idx < userSubscriber.confusers.Length; idx++)</pre>
      currentConfuser = userSubscriber.confusers[idx];
     if (currentConfuser.role == MODE HOST)
       generatedAccessCode = ws.generateAccessCode();
                                                         // Generate new access code
       currentConfuser.accessCode = generatedAccessCode;
       currentConfInfo = currentConfuser.conferenceInfo;
       confusersCount++;
     else if (currentConfuser.role == MODE PARTICIPANT)
       confusersCount++;
     else if (currentConfuser.role == MODE LISTENER)
       userSubscriber.confusers[idx] = null;
     }
   moderatorConfusers = new Confuser[confusersCount];
    confusersCount = 0;
    for (int idx = 0; idx < userSubscriber.confusers.Length; idx++)</pre>
      if (userSubscriber.confusers[idx] != null)
       moderatorConfusers.SetValue(userSubscriber.confusers[idx], confusersCount);
       confusersCount++;
    }
   userSubscriber.confusers = moderatorConfusers;
  // Call web service method updateSubscriber (to modify existing subscriber)
 ws.updateSubscriber(userSubscriber);
 // XML that was sent to the server see here:
 // Sample ManageSubscriber2.updateSubscriber.sent.xml
 // XML that was received from the server see here:
 // Sample ManageSubscriber2.updateSubscriber.received.xml
```

```
// Define custom attributes for subscriber's conference info
      if (currentConfInfo != null)
        foreach (jAdmin.Attribute attr in currentConfInfo.attributes)
          if (attr.name == "conference_entrytones")
         {
            attr.value = "off";
            attr.isOverridden = true;
           attr.isOverriddenSpecified = true;
          if (attr.name == "conference_exittones")
           attr.value = "off";
            attr.isOverridden = true;
            attr.isOverriddenSpecified = true;
          if (attr.name == "conference start wait")
          {
           attr.value = "500";
           attr.isOverridden = true;
            attr.isOverriddenSpecified = true;
         }
        // Call web service method updateSubscriber (to modify existing subscriber)
        ws.updateConferenceInfo(currentConfInfo);
        // XML that was sent to the server see here:
        // Sample ManageSubscriber2.updateConferenceInfo.sent.xml
        // \overline{\text{XML}} that was received from the server see here:
        // Sample ManageSubscriber2.updateConferenceInfo.received.xml
      // Screenshot of updated subscriber see here:
      // Sample ManageSubscriber2.updateSubscriber.jpg
      // Screenshot of updated subscriber's conference account see here:
      // Sample ManageSubscriber2.updateSubscriber confuser.jpg
   return;
 catch (Exception ex)
   mLastError = "Error in " + this.GetType().FullName +
                ".Sample_ManageSubscriber2: " + ex.Message;
 }
}
```

Sample of Subscribers Filtering and Deletion (Sample_ManageSubscriber3)

```
Sample of Subscribers Filtering and Deletion
Let's review the following scenario:
    we need to find out all subscribers who have emails from domain "manage.com";
    for each of these subscribers if the subscriber does not have phone number
    we need to delete him.
public void Sample ManageSubscriber3()
  // Declare variables
  Subscriber[] listSubscribers;
   mLastError = "";
    // Find all subscribers who have emails from domain "manage.com"
    listSubscribers = ws.getSubscribers(0, 0, "email like'%@manage.com%'", "");
    // XML that was sent to the server see here:
    // Sample ManageSubscriber3.getSubscribers.email sent.xml
    // XML that was received from the server see here:
    // Sample ManageSubscriber3.getSubscribers.email received.xml
    // See screenshot of the subscribers filtered by email
    // that were on the bridge prior to the program start:
    // Sample ManageSubscriber3.subscribers before.jpg
    if (listSubscribers != null)
      foreach (Subscriber s in listSubscribers)
        if (String.IsNullOrEmpty(s.phoneNumber))
         // Delete the subscriber
          ws.deleteSubscriber(s.subscriberId);
          // XML that was sent to the server see here:
          // Sample ManageSubscriber3.deleteSubscriber.sent.xml
          // XML that was received from the server see here:
          // Sample ManageSubscriber3.deleteSubscriber.received.xml
     }
    // See screenshot of the subscribers filtered by email
    // that were on the bridge after the program is finished:
    // Sample ManageSubscriber3.subscribers after.jpg
   return:
  catch (Exception ex)
   mLastError = "Error in " + this.GetType().FullName +
                ".Sample ManageSubscriber3: " + ex.Message;
}
```

Sample of Getting Conference Users Information (Sample_ManageConfuser1)

```
Sample of Getting Conference Users Information
Let's review the following scenario:
    we need to count conference users (accounts) with for SPECTEL call flow;
   we need to get all conference users (accounts) with for SPECTEL call flow
    with host role;
   we need to output subscriber ID, conference number, access code for them.
public String Sample ManageConfuser1()
  // Declare constants
  const int MODE HOST = 1;
                                 // Moderator
  // Declare variables
  long lngConfusersCount;
  CallFlow[] callFlows;
  DNIS[] dnises;
  Confuser[] confusers;
  String dnisIDs = ",";
  String strInfo;
  try
   mLastError = "";
    strInfo = "";
    // Get requested call flow by name
    callFlows = ws.getCallFlows(0, 0, "name='SPECTEL'", "");
    // XML that was sent to the server see here:
    // Sample ManageConfuser1.getCallFlows.sent.xml
    // XML that was received from the server see here:
    // Sample ManageConfuser1.getCallFlows.received.xml
    List<CallFlow> getCallFlows(long offset,
                  long limit,
                   java.lang.String filter,
                   java.lang.String order)
                   throws ServerException,
                       AccessDeniedException
    * This function returns list of CallFlows which match the filter provided.
    * There are two parameters offset and limit to help to implement paging on the web
    ^{\star} application. All users can get all CallFlows registered on the bridge. Later there
    * will be introduced a restriction so users are able to see only those CallFlows which
    * are assigned to them.
    * Parameters:
       offset - zero based offset in recordset.
       limit - maximum number of objects to return.
       filter - The criteria to use to filter the rows. The criteria should be a simple sql
                conditional statement started with one or more CallFlow field names.
       Acceptable operators: <= , >= , != , = , < , > , like , ilike, and For example name='12' or name like'%2\%' or collFlowId >= 15.
        Empty string or null means no filter.
       order - A string specifying CallFlow field name and sort direction.
        For example "name" or "name desc". The default direction is asc and can be omitted.
        Empty string or null means no order.
    * Accepted fields:
       •callFlowId
       • name
       •path
    * Returns:
       list of CallFlow objects
    if (callFlows != null && callFlows.Length > 0)
      // Get DNISes for the selected call flow
      dnises = ws.getDNISes(0, 0, "callFlowId=" + callFlows[0].callFlowId.ToString(), "");
      \ensuremath{//} XML that was sent to the server see here:
```

```
// Sample_ManageConfuser1.getDNISes.sent.xml
// XML that was received from the server see here:
// Sample ManageConfuser1.getDNISes.received.xml
List<DNIS> getDNISes(long offset,
           long limit,
           java.lang.String filter,
           java.lang.String order)
           throws ServerException,
             AccessDeniedException
* This function returns list of DNISes (phone numbers) which match the filter
* provided. There are two parameters offset and limit to help to implement paging on
* the web application. All users can get all numbers registered on the bridge.
* Parameters:
   offset - zero based offset in recordset.
   limit - maximum number of objects to return.
   filter - The criteria to use to filter the rows. The criteria should be a simple
            sql conditional statement started with one or more DNIS field names.
   Acceptable operators: <= , >= , != , = , < , > , like , ilike, and For example name='12' or name like'^22%' or collFlowId >= 15.
   Empty string or null means no filter.
   order - A string specifying DNIS field name and sort direction.
    For example "name" or "name desc".
    The default direction is asc and can be omitted.
   Empty string or null means no order.
* Accepted fields:
   •callFlowId
   •dnisId
   •did
   description
* Returns:
  list of DNIS objects
if (dnises != null && dnises.Length > 0)
  foreach (DNIS d in dnises)
    if (dnisIDs.IndexOf("," + d.dnisId.ToString() + ",") < 0)</pre>
      dnisIDs += d.dnisId.ToString() + ",";
  }
  if (dnisIDs.Length <= 2)</pre>
    dnisIDs = "";
  }
    if (Utils.LeftString(dnisIDs, 1) == ",")
      dnisIDs = dnisIDs.Substring(1);
    if (Utils.RightString(dnisIDs, 1) == ",")
      dnisIDs = Utils.LeftString(dnisIDs, dnisIDs.Length - 1);
  if (!String.IsNullOrEmpty(dnisIDs))
    // Count how many conference users exist on the bridge for the call flow SPECTEL
    lngConfusersCount = ws.getConfusersCount("dnisId in (" + dnisIDs + ")");
    // XML that was sent to the server see here:
    // Sample ManageConfuser1.getConfusersCount.sent.xml
    // XML that was received from the server see here:
    // Sample ManageConfuser1.getConfusersCount.received.xml
    strInfo += "Number of SPECTEL conference users: " + lngConfusersCount.ToString()
           + ". \n\r";
    // Get conference users for the selected call flow
    // XML that was sent to the server see here:
    // Sample ManageConfuser1.getConfusers.sent.xml
```

}

```
\ensuremath{//} XML that was received from the server see here:
        // Sample ManageConfuser1.getConfusers.received.xml
        /*
        List<Confuser> getConfusers(long offset,
                      long limit,
                      java.lang.String filter,
                      java.lang.String order)
                      throws ServerException,
                          AccessDeniedException
        ^{\star} This function returns the list of Confuser which match the given filter.
        * There are rare cases when this function needs to be called directly as
        * getSubscriber returns list of subordinate conference users.
        * Parameters:
           offset - zero based offset in recordset.
           limit - maximum number of objects to return.
           filter - The criteria to use to filter the rows. The criteria should be a
                    simple sql conditional statement started with one or more Confuser
                    field names.
           Acceptable operators: <= , >= , != , = , < , > , like , ilike, and
           For example login='12' or login like'%2%' or subscriberId >= 15.
           Empty string or null means no filter.
           order - A string specifying Confuser field name and sort direction.
            For example "name" or "name desc".
            The default direction is asc and can be omitted.
            Empty string or null means no order.
        * Accepted fields:
           •subscriberId
           •confuserId
           •role
           •dnisId
           •accessCode
           •conferenceNumber
        * Returns:
           list of DNIS objects
        if (confusers != null && confusers.Length > 0)
          strInfo += "Number of SPECTEL conference users with host role: "
                 + confusers.Length.ToString() + ". \n\r";
          strInfo += "subscr.\tconf #\taccess code \n\r";
          foreach (Confuser cu in confusers)
            strInfo += cu.subscriberId.ToString() + "\t"
               + cu.conferenceInfo.conferenceNumber.ToString() + "\t"
                + cu.accessCode + "\n\r";
          }
        }
          strInfo += "No SPECTEL conference users with host role found. \n\r";
        }
      }
  // Sample of program output: Sample ManageConfuser1.return.jpg
  // ** Number of SPECTEL conference users: 4.
  // ** Number of SPECTEL conference users with host role: 2.
  // ** subscr. conf # access code
  // **
        3
                758288
                          961091
  // **
                214423
                        870888
  return strInfo;
catch (Exception ex)
 mLastError = "Error in " + this.GetType().FullName +
               ".Sample ManageConfuser1: " + ex.Message;
  return mLastError;
}
```

Conferences and Calls Management

Sample of Conferences Filtering, Changes Secure Mode, Dropping the Conferences (Sample ManageConference1)

```
Sample of Conferences Filtering, Changes Secure Mode, Dropping the Conferences
Let's review the following scenario:
   we need to count how many conferences are currently on the bridge;
    for the selected subscriber we need to drop all conferences if the participants count
    less than two;
   for unsecured conferences for the selected subscriber with two participants we need to
    make them secure.
public String Sample ManageConference1()
  // Declare variables
  long lngConferencesCount;
  Conference[] singleParticipantConferences;
  Conference[] twoParticipantsUnsecuredConferences;
  String filterSubscriber;
  String strStatus;
  trv
   mLastError = "";
    strStatus = "";
    // See screenshot of the conferences that were started on the bridge prior
    // to the program start: conferences before.jpg
    // Count started conferences
    // We use empty filter parameter to output all conferences
    lngConferencesCount = ws.getConferencesCount("");
    // XML that was sent to the server see here:
    // Sample ManageConference1.getConferencesCount.all sent.xml
    // XML that was received from the server see here:
    // Sample ManageConference1.getConferencesCount.all received.xml
    strStatus += "Number of started conferences: " + lngConferencesCount.ToString()
             + ". \n\r";
    // Find all subscriber's conferences with the participants count less than two
    filterSubscriber = GetConferenceNumbersBySubscriberPIN("admin");
    // Click here to see GetConferenceNumbersBySubscriberPIN function implementation
    if (!String.IsNullOrEmpty(filterSubscriber))
      filterSubscriber = "conferenceNumber in (" + filterSubscriber + ") and ";
    singleParticipantConferences = ws.getConferences(0, 0,
                                   filterSubscriber + "participantCnt<2", "");</pre>
    // XML that was sent to the server see here:
    // <u>Sample_ManageConference1.getConferences.single_sent.xml</u>
    // XML that was received from the server see here:
    // Sample ManageConference1.getConferences.single received.xml
    List<Conference> getConferences(long offset,
                    long limit,
                    java.lang.String filter,
                    java.lang.String order)
                    throws ServerException,
                         AccessDeniedException
    * This function returns list of Conferences which are registered for the subscriber
    * on which behalf this call is executed.
    * For administrator it returns list of all registered Conferences.
    * Parameters:
       offset - zero based offset in recordset.
       limit - maximum number of objects to return.
```

```
filter - The criteria to use to filter the rows.
        The criteria should be a simple sql conditional statement started with one or
       more Conference field names.
    Acceptable operators: <= , >= , != , = , < , > , like , ilike , and For example conferenceNumber='12' or conferenceNumber like'%2\%' or duration >= 15.
   order - A string specifying Conference field name and sort direction.
     For example "conferenceNumber" or "created desc".
     The default direction is asc and can be omitted.
     Empty string or null means no order.
* Accepted fields:
   •conferenceId
   •conferenceNumber
   •created ('yyyy.MM.dd/hh:mm' format)
   duration
   •participantCnt
   •isSecured
   •muteMode
* Empty string or null means no filter.
* Returns:
 list of Conference objects
if (singleParticipantConferences != null && singleParticipantConferences.Length > 0)
  foreach (Conference c in singleParticipantConferences)
   ws.hangupConference(c.conferenceId);
    // XML that was sent to the server see here:
    // Sample ManageConference1.hangupConference.sent.xml
    // XML that was received from the server see here:
    // Sample ManageConference1.hangupConference.received.xml
 strStatus += "Number of dropped single participant conferences: "
            + singleParticipantConferences.Length.ToString() + ". \n\r";
else
 strStatus += "No single participant conferences found. \n\r";
// Find subscriber's unsecured conferences with two participants
twoParticipantsUnsecuredConferences = ws.getConferences(0, 0,
                            filterSubscriber + "isSecured=0 and participantCnt=2", "");
// XML that was sent to the server see here:
// Sample ManageConference1.getConferences.two_sent.xml
// XML that was received from the server see here:
// Sample ManageConference1.getConferences.two received.xml
if (twoParticipantsUnsecuredConferences != null &&
    twoParticipantsUnsecuredConferences.Length > 0)
  foreach (Conference c in twoParticipantsUnsecuredConferences)
   ws.secureConference(c.conferenceId);
   // XML that was sent to the server see here:
    // Sample ManageConference1.secureConference.sent.xml
    // XML that was received from the server see here:
    // Sample ManageConference1.secureConference.received.xml
  strStatus += "Number of two participants conferences made secured: "
            + twoParticipantsUnsecuredConferences.Length.ToString() + ". \n\r";
}
else
{
 strStatus += "No unsecured conferences with two participants found. \n\r";
```

Sample of Placing the Entire Conference on Hold, Starting and Stopping Q&A Sessions and Conference Recording (Sample_ManageConference2)

```
Sample of Placing the Entire Conference on Hold, Starting and Stopping Q&A Sessions and
Conference Recording
Let's review the following scenario:
   we need to place the specific conference (the conference with specific conference
   number) on hold;
   we need to wait 1 minute and take this conference off hold;
   after that we need to start conference recording and start Q&A session for this
   we need to wait 1 minute, we assume that conference participants requested to ask
    questions during this minute;
   we need to let the first participant ask his question (i.e. un-mute him - engage his
   O&A session);
   we need to wait 1 minute and then complete the first participant question, i.e.
   disengage his O&A session;
    we need to stop Q&A session and stop conference recording for this conference.
public void Sample ManageConference2()
  // Declare constants
 const int QA_MODE_CLOSED = 2;
  const int QA MODE OPEN = 0;
                                           // Stop Q&A mode for the conference
                                           // Start Q&A mode for the conference
  const long CONFERENCE NUMBER = 667788; // Default conference number for this sample
  // Declare variables
  Conference[] conferences;
  Session[] sessions;
  long conferenceId;
  long sessionId;
  trv
   mLastError = "";
    // See screenshot of the conferences that were started on the bridge prior
    // to the program start: conferences before.jpg
    // See screenshot of the selected conference calls that were started on the bridge prior
    // to the program start: calls_before.jpg
    // Find the conference with the the conference number 667788
    conferences = ws.getConferences(0, 0, "conferenceNumber="
               + CONFERENCE NUMBER. ToString(), "");
    // XML that was sent to the server see here:
    // Sample ManageConference2.getConferences.conferenceNumber sent.xml
    \ensuremath{//} XML that was received from the server see here:
    // Sample ManageConference2.getConferences.conferenceNumber received.xml
    if (conferences != null && conferences.Length > 0)
      conferenceId = conferences[0].conferenceId;
      // Place the conference on hold
      ws.holdConference(conferenceId);
      // XML that was sent to the server see here:
      // Sample ManageConference2.holdConference.sent.xml
      // XML that was received from the server see here:
      // Sample ManageConference2.holdConference.received.xml
      // Wait 1 minute (60,000 milliseconds)
      System.Threading.Thread.Sleep(60000);
      // The conference is on hold.
      // See screenshot of the conferences that were on the bridge at this
      // moment: conferences pause1.jpg
      // See screenshot of the selected conference calls that were on the bridge at this
      // moment: calls pause1.jpg
```

```
// Take the conference off hold
ws.unHoldConference(conferenceId);
// XML that was sent to the server see here:
// Sample ManageConference2.unHoldConference.sent.xml
// XML that was received from the server see here:
// Sample ManageConference2.unHoldConference.received.xml
// Start the conference recording
ws.startConferenceRecording(conferenceId, "", "");
// XML that was sent to the server see here:
// Sample ManageConference2.startConferenceRecording.sent.xml
// \overline{\text{XML}} that was received from the server see here:
// Sample ManageConference2.startConferenceRecording.received.xml
// Start Q&A session for the conference
//ws.muteConference(conferenceId, MUTE MODE QUESTION);
                                                           // version 1.4
ws.qaSetMode(conferenceId, QA MODE CLOSED);
                                                           // version 2.x
// XML that was sent to the server see here:
// Sample ManageConference2.qaSetMode.closed sent.xml
// XML that was received from the server see here:
// Sample ManageConference2.qaSetMode.closed received.xml
// Wait 1 minute (60,000 milliseconds)
System. Threading. Thread. Sleep (60000);
sessions = ws.getSessions(0, 0, "role=2 and conferenceId=" + conferenceId.ToString(), "");
// XML that was sent to the server see here:
// Sample ManageConference2.getSessions.conferenceId sent.xml
// XML that was received from the server see here:
// Sample ManageConference2.getSessions.conferenceId received.xml
if (sessions != null && sessions.Length > 0)
 sessionId = sessions[0].sessionId;
  // Engage Q&A session for the first conference participant
 ws.qaEngage(sessionId);
  // XML that was sent to the server see here:
  // Sample ManageConference2.qaEngage.sent.xml
  // XML that was received from the server see here:
  // Sample ManageConference2.qaEngage.received.xml
else
  sessionId = 0;
// Wait 1 minute (60,000 milliseconds)
System. Threading. Thread. Sleep (60000);
// The conference recording is started, the Q&A session is started,
// the first participant is asking a question.
// See screenshot of the conferences that were on the bridge at this
// moment: conferences pause2.jpg
// See screenshot of the selected conference calls that were on the bridge at this
// moment: calls pause2.jpg
if (sessionId > 0)
  // Disengage Q&A session for the first conference participant
  ws.qaDisengage(sessionId);
  // XML that was sent to the server see here:
  // Sample ManageConference2.qaDisengage.sent.xml
  // XML that was received from the server see here:
  // Sample ManageConference2.qaDisengage.received.xml
  // See screenshot of the selected conference calls that were on the bridge at this
  // moment: calls point3.jpg
```

```
// Stop Q&A session for the conference
      //ws.muteConference(conferenceId, MUTE MODE OPEN);
                                                                  // version 1.4
      ws.qaSetMode(conferenceId, QA_MODE_OPEN);
                                                                  // version 2.x
      // XML that was sent to the server see here:
      // Sample ManageConference2.qaSetMode.open sent.xml
// XML that was received from the server see here:
      // Sample ManageConference2.qaSetMode.open received.xml
      // See screenshot of the selected conference calls that were on the bridge at this
      // moment: calls point4.jpg
      // Stop the conference recording
      {\tt ws.stopConferenceRecording} \ ({\tt conferenceId}) \ ;
      // XML that was sent to the server see here:
      // Sample_ManageConference2.stopConferenceRecording.sent.xml
      // XML that was received from the server see here:
      // Sample ManageConference2.stopConferenceRecording.received.xml
    // See screenshot of the conferences that were on the bridge after
    // the program is finished: conferences after.jpg
    // See screenshot of the selected conference calls that were on the bridge after
    // the program is finished: calls after.jpg
    return;
  catch (Exception ex)
    mLastError = "Error in " + this.GetType().FullName +
                 ".Sample ManageConference2: " + ex.Message;
}
```

Sample of Conference Polling Sessions (Sample_ManageConference3)

```
Sample of Conference Polling Sessions
Let's review the following scenario:
    we need to start the polling session for the specific conference (the conference
   with specific conference number) with available polling options 1, 2, 3;
   we need to wait 1 minute, we assume that conference participants will vote
   (select one of the available options) during this minute;
   we need to stop the polling session for this conference;
   after that we need to output polling results.
public String Sample ManageConference3()
  // Declare constants
  const long CONFERENCE NUMBER = 651077;
                                            // Default conference number for this sample
  const String POLLING OPTIONS = "123";
                                            // Available polling options
  // Declare variables
  Conference[] conferences;
  PollingResult[] pollingResults;
  long conferenceId;
  String strStatus;
   mLastError = "";
   strStatus = "";
    conferences = ws.getConferences(0, 0, "conferenceNumber="
                + CONFERENCE NUMBER. ToString(), "");
    // XML that was sent to the server see here:
    // Sample ManageConference3.getConferences.conferenceNumber sent.xml
    // XML that was received from the server see here:
    // Sample ManageConference3.getConferences.conferenceNumber received.xml
    if (conferences != null && conferences.Length > 0)
      conferenceId = conferences[0].conferenceId;
      // Conference calls before the polling session has been started:
      // Sample ManageConference3.conference before.jpg
      ws.startPolling(conferenceId, POLLING OPTIONS);
      // XML that was sent to the server see here:
      // Sample ManageConference3.startPolling.sent.xml
      // XML that was received from the server see here:
      // Sample ManageConference3.startPolling.received.xml
      // Conference calls after the polling session has been started:
      // Sample ManageConference3.conference after.jpg
      // Wait 1 minute (60,000 milliseconds)
      System.Threading.Thread.Sleep(60000);
      ws.stopPolling(conferenceId);
      // XML that was sent to the server see here:
      // Sample ManageConference3.stopPolling.sent.xml
      // XML that was received from the server see here:
      // Sample ManageConference3.stopPolling.received.xml
      pollingResults = ws.getPollingResults(conferenceId);
      // XML that was sent to the server see here:
      // Sample ManageConference3.getPollingResults.sent.xml
      // XML that was received from the server see here:
      // Sample ManageConference3.getPollingResults.received.xml
      if (pollingResults != null && pollingResults.Length > 0)
        strStatus += "Polling results for the conference " + CONFERENCE NUMBER.ToString()
                 + ". \n\r";
```

```
foreach (PollingResult pr in pollingResults)
         strStatus += pr.created.ToShortDateString() + " "
                   + pr.created.ToShortTimeString() + "\n\r";
         foreach (anyType2anyTypeMapEntry s in pr.votes)
           strStatus += "key: " + s.key + " / value: " + s.value + "\n\r";
       }
      }
     else
       strStatus += "No polling results for the conference. \n\r";
   else
   {
     strStatus += "The conference not found. \n\r";
    // Sample of program output: Sample ManageConference3.return.jpg
    // ** Polling results for the conference 651077.
    // ** 21.12.2009 14:18
   // ** key: 1 / value: 2
   // ** key: 2 / value: 0
   // ** key: 3 / value: 1
    // Polling charts: Sample ManageConference3.conference pollingCharts.jpg
   return strStatus;
 catch (Exception ex)
   mLastError = "Error in " + this.GetType().FullName +
                ".Sample_ManageConference3: " + ex.Message;
   return mLastError;
 }
}
```

Sample of Calls Filtering, Mute the Calls, Dropping the Calls (Sample ManageCall1)

```
Sample of Calls Filtering, Mute the Calls, Dropping the Calls
Let's review the following scenario:
    we need to count how many calls are currently on the bridge;
    for the selected subscriber we need to drop all participants calls if the call duration
    greater than 10 minutes;
    for remaining participants of the selected subscriber (with call duration less than 10
    minutes) we need to mute their calls.
public String Sample ManageCall1()
  // Declare variables
 long lngSessionsCount;
  long lngDroppedCount;
  long lngMutedCount;
  Session[] participantsSessions;
  String filterSubscriber;
  String strStatus;
  try
   mLastError = "";
    strStatus = "";
    // See screenshot of the calls that were started on the bridge prior to the program
    // start: calls before.jpg
    // Count started calls
    // We use negative conferenceId parameter and empty filter parameter to output all calls
    lngSessionsCount = ws.getSessionsCount("");
    // XML that was sent to the server see here:
    // Sample ManageCall1.getSessionsCount.all sent.xml
    // \overline{\text{XML}} that was received from the server see here:
    // Sample ManageCall1.getSessionsCount.all received.xml
    strStatus += "Number of started calls: " + lngSessionsCount.ToString() + ". \n\r";
    // Find all subscriber's calls (sessions) where the role is participant
    filterSubscriber = GetConferenceNumbersBySubscriberPIN("admin");
    // Click here to see GetConferenceNumbersBySubscriberPIN function implementation
    if (!String.IsNullOrEmpty(filterSubscriber))
     filterSubscriber = "conferenceNumber in (" + filterSubscriber + ") and ";
    participantsSessions = ws.getSessions(0, 0, filterSubscriber + "role=2", "");
    // XML that was sent to the server see here:
    // Sample ManageCall1.getSessions.participants sent.xml
    // XML that was received from the server see here:
    // Sample ManageCall1.getSessions.participants received.xml
    List<Session> getSessions(long offset,
              long limit,
              java.lang.String filter,
              java.lang.String order)
              throws ServerException,
                   AccessDeniedException,
                   ObjectNotFoundException
    * This function returns list of Sessions (calls) which match the filter provided.
    * There are two parameters offset and limit which help to implement paging on the web
    * application. If this function is called from non admin Subscribers it will returns
    ^{\star} only Sessions visible for this account.
    * If call doesn't present an accesscode yet - it is visible only by admin
    * Parameters:
       conferenceId - Conference Indentifier.
        If parameter is less than zero Session objects for all Conference will be returned.
       offset - zero based offset in recordset.
       limit - maximum number of objects to return.
       filter - The criteria to use to filter the rows. The criteria should be a simple sql
```

```
conditional statement started with one or more Session field names.
    Acceptable operators: <= , >= , != , = , < , > , like , ilike , and For example addressTo='12' or addressTo like'%2\%' or duration >= 15.
   order - A string specifying Session field name and sort direction.
     For example "caller" or "caller desc".
     The default direction is asc and can be omitted.
    Empty string or null means no order.
* Accepted fields:
   •sessionId
   •subscriberId
   •created ('yyyy.MM.dd/hh:mm' format)
   •joined ('yyyy.MM.dd/hh:mm' format) (works only when joined the conference)
   duration
   •status
   •role (works only when joined the conference)
   •isMuted (works only when joined the conference) true/false values
   •addressTo
   •addressFrom
  •conferenceNumber (works only when joined the conference)
   accessCode (works only when joined the conference)
* Empty string or null means no filter.
* Returns:
 list of Session objects
if (participantsSessions != null && participantsSessions.Length > 0)
 lngDroppedCount = 0;
 lngMutedCount = 0;
  foreach (Session s in participantsSessions)
    if (s.duration > 600)
                             // 600 seconds = 10 minutes
      ws.hangupSession(s.sessionId);
      // XML that was sent to the server see here:
      // Sample ManageCall1.hangupSession.sent.xml
      // XML that was received from the server see here:
      // Sample ManageCall1.hangupSession.received.xml
      lngDroppedCount++;
    else
      ws.muteSession(s.sessionId);
      // XML that was sent to the server see here:
      // Sample ManageCall1.muteSession.sent.xml
      // XML that was received from the server see here:
      // Sample ManageCall1.muteSession.received.xml
      lngMutedCount++;
  strStatus += "Number of participants' calls: "
           + participantsSessions.Length.ToString() + ". \n\r";
  strStatus += "Number of dropped participants' calls: " + lngDroppedCount.ToString()
           + ". \n\r";
  strStatus += "Number of muted participants' calls: " + lngMutedCount.ToString()
            + ". \n\r";
}
else
 strStatus += "No participants' calls found. \n\r";
// See screenshot of the calls that were on the bridge after the program is finished:
// calls after.jpg
// In this case the program returns the following message: Sample ManageCall1.return.jpg
// ** Number of started calls: 3.
// ** Number of participants' calls: 2.
// ** Number of dropped participants' calls: 1.
// ** Number of muted participants' calls: 1.
```

Sample of Setting Custom Name and Placing Calls on Hold (Sample ManageCall2)

```
Sample of Setting Custom Name and Placing Calls on Hold
Let's review the following scenario:
   for the conference with specific conference number we need to set custom name for the
    host "conference moderator";
    for the same conference we need to place all listeners and participants on hold.
public void Sample ManageCall2()
  // Declare constants
  const int MODE HOST = 1;
 const int MODE PARTICIPANT = 2;
  const int MODE LISTENER = 3;
  const long CONFERENCE NUMBER = 667788;  // Default conference number for testing
  // Declare variables
  Session[] conferenceSessions;
  try
   mLastError = "";
    // See screenshot of the calls that were started on the bridge prior to
    // the program start: <a href="mailto:calls.before.jpg">calls before.jpg</a>
    // See screenshot of the conference calls that were started on the bridge prior to
    // the program start: conference before.jpg
    // Find all calls (sessions) for the conference number 667788
    conferenceSessions = ws.getSessions(0, 0, "conferenceNumber="
                       + CONFERENCE NUMBER. ToString(), "");
    // XML that was sent to the server see here:
    // Sample ManageCall2.getSessions.conferenceNumber sent.xml
    // XML that was received from the server see here:
    // Sample ManageCall2.getSessions.conferenceNumber received.xml
    if (conferenceSessions != null && conferenceSessions.Length > 0)
      foreach (Session s in conferenceSessions)
        if (s.role == MODE HOST)
          ws.setCustomName(s.sessionId, "conference moderator");
          // XML that was sent to the server see here:
          // Sample ManageCall2.setCustomName.sent.xml
          // XML that was received from the server see here:
          // Sample ManageCall2.setCustomName.received.xml
        else if (s.role == MODE PARTICIPANT || s.role == MODE LISTENER)
          ws.holdSession(s.sessionId);
          // XML that was sent to the server see here:
          // Sample ManageCall2.holdSession.sent.xml
          // XML that was received from the server see here:
          // Sample ManageCall2.holdSession.received.xml
     }
    // See screenshot of the calls that were on the bridge after
    // the program is finished: calls after.jpg
    // See screenshot of the conference calls that were on the bridge after
    // the program is finished: conference after.jpg
    return;
```

CDRs Management

Sample of Getting Conferences Historical Information (Sample InfoConferenceDR1)

```
Sample of Getting Conferences Historical Information
Let's review the following scenario:
   we need to count how many conferences were on the bridge from the beginning of the
   for the selected subscriber we need to output his current month conferences information
    (conference number, conference ID, date and time when the conference occurred, duration,
    participants count, and info about recording URL if exists), ordered by conference
    number and conference date.
public String Sample InfoConferenceDR1()
  // Declare variables
  long lngConferencesCount;
  ConferenceDR[] conferenceDRs;
  DateTime startDate;
  String filter;
  String strInfo;
  try
    mLastError = "";
    strInfo = "";
    // Count how many conferences were on the bridge from the beginning of the month
    startDate = new DateTime(DateTime.Now.Year, DateTime.Now.Month, 1);
    lngConferencesCount = ws.getConferenceDRsCount("created>='"
                         + Utils.Date2Sql(startDate) + "'");
    // XML that was sent to the server see here:
    // Sample InfoConferenceDR1.getConferenceDRsCount.all sent.xml
    // XML that was received from the server see here:
    // Sample_InfoConferenceDR1.getConferenceDRsCount.all_received.xml
strInfo += "Number of current month conferences: " + IngConferencesCount.ToString()
             + ". \n\r";
    // Find all current month conferences for the subscriber
    filter = GetConferenceNumbersBySubscriberPIN("admin");
    // Click \underline{\text{here}} to see \underline{\text{GetConferenceNumbersBySubscriberPIN}} function implementation
    if (String.IsNullOrEmpty(filter))
  filter = "created>='" + Utils.Date2Sql(startDate) + "'";
      filter = "created>='" + Utils.Date2Sql(startDate) + "' and conferenceNumber in ("
             + filter + ")";
    conferenceDRs = ws.getConferenceDRs(0, 0, filter, "conferenceNumber, created");
    // XML that was sent to the server see here:
    // Sample InfoConferenceDR1.getConferenceDRs.sent.xml
    // \overline{\text{XML}} that was received from the server see here:
    // Sample InfoConferenceDR1.getConferenceDRs.received.xml
    List<ConferenceDR> getConferenceDRs(long offset,
                       long limit,
                       java.lang.String filter,
                       java.lang.String order)
    * This function returns list of ConferenceDRs which are registered for the subscriber.
    * For administrator it returns whole list of records.
    * Parameters:
       offset - zero based offset in recordset.
       limit - maximum number of objects to return.
       filter - The criteria to use to filter the rows.
             The criteria should be a simple sql conditional statement started
             with one or more ConferenceDR field names.
       Acceptable operators: \langle = , > = , ! = , = , < , > , like , ilike, and
```

}

```
For example:
      conferenceId = 5424
      duration > 300 and duration < 400
      duration > 300 and conferenceNumber = 160
     participantCnt > 2 and participantCnt < 22</pre>
      created > '2010.08.07/00:00'
     Empty string or null means no filter.
     order - A string specifying ConferenceDR field name and sort direction.
      For example "conferenceNumber" or "created desc".
      The default direction is asc and can be omitted.
      Empty string or null means no order.
  * Accepted fields:
     •conferenceId
     •conferenceNumber
     •created ('yyyy.MM.dd/hh:mm' format)
     duration
     •participantCnt
  * Returns:
    list (array) of ConferenceDR objects
  if (conferenceDRs != null && conferenceDRs.Length > 0)
    strInfo += "Number of current month conferences for the subscriber: "
           + conferenceDRs.Length.ToString() + ". \n\r";
    foreach (ConferenceDR cdr in conferenceDRs)
      strInfo += cdr.conferenceNumber.ToString() + "\t"
         + cdr.conferenceId.ToString() + "\t"
          + cdr.created.ToShortDateString() + " " + cdr.created.ToShortTimeString() + "\t"
          + cdr.duration.ToString() + "\t"
          + cdr.participantCnt + "\t"
          + cdr.recordingUrl + "\n\r";
    }
  else
  {
   strInfo += "No current month conferences for the subscriber found. \n\r";
  // Sample of program output: Sample InfoConferenceDR1.return.jpg
    ** Number of current month conferences: 7.
  ^{-}// ** Number of current month conferences for the subscriber: 6.
  // <u>** 651077 6 15/03/2010 5:01</u>
                                      568
                                             3
    ** 651077
               7 15/03/2010 6:40
3 15/03/2010 12:50
                                      179
  // ** 667788
  // ** 667788 4 15/03/2010 1:16
                                       573
  // ** 667788 5 15/03/2010 1:27
                                       11824 4 conferences/788/667788/record/5.wav
    ** 667788
                    17/03/2010 12:32
  return strInfo;
catch (Exception ex)
 mLastError = "Error in " + this.GetType().FullName +
                         ".Sample InfoConferenceDR1: " + ex.Message;
  return mLastError;
}
```

Sample of the Shared Recording Generation (Sample_InfoConferenceDR2)

```
Sample of the Shared Recording Generation
In the previous sample (Sample_InfoConferenceDR1) we get conferences with recording.
Let's review the following scenario:
   we need to generate recording URL link, that will allow user to download conference
    recording without authorization during the next hour (for the conference with recording
   referenced by the conferenceId, that was found in the previous sample);
   we need to output the ConferenceDR object information prior and after shared recording
   URL generation to see the differences in the object properties.
public String Sample InfoConferenceDR2(long conferenceId)
  // Declare constants
  const Boolean ALLOW DOWNLOAD = true;
  // Declare variables
  ConferenceDR initialConferenceDR;
  ConferenceDR finalConferenceDR;
  DateTime expirePeriod;
  String strInfo;
  try
   mLastError = "";
   strInfo = "";
    // Get initial the ConferenceDR object for the conference referenced by identifier
    initialConferenceDR = ws.getConferenceDR(conferenceId);
    // XML that was sent to the server see here:
    // Sample InfoConferenceDR2.getConferenceDR.initial sent.xml
    // XML that was received from the server see here:
    // Sample InfoConferenceDR2.getConferenceDR.initial received.xml
    if (initialConferenceDR != null)
      // Calculate the period of time over which the shared link will be invalidated
      expirePeriod = DateTime.Now.AddHours(1);
      // Share the conference recording - generate URL to download
      ws.shareRecording(conferenceId, expirePeriod, ALLOW DOWNLOAD);
      // XML that was sent to the server see here:
      // Sample InfoConferenceDR2.shareRecording.sent.xml
      // XML that was received from the server see here:
      // Sample InfoConferenceDR2.shareRecording.received.xml
      // Get final the ConferenceDR object for the conference referenced by identifier
      finalConferenceDR = ws.getConferenceDR(conferenceId);
      // XML that was sent to the server see here:
      // Sample InfoConferenceDR2.getConferenceDR.final sent.xml
      \ensuremath{//} XML that was received from the server see here:
      // Sample InfoConferenceDR2.getConferenceDR.final received.xml
      strInfo = "The conference " + conferenceId.ToString()
              + " recording can be download using URL: '
              + finalConferenceDR.sharedRecordingUrl + " till "
              + finalConferenceDR.expirePeriod.ToString() + ". \n\r";
    else
     strInfo = "The conference with ID " + conferenceId.ToString() + " not found. \n\r";
    // Sample of program output: Sample InfoConferenceDR2.return.jpg
    // ** The conference 39744 recording can be download using URL:
    // ** conferences/-17-65-6716-42-97111-52-112-17-65-6712627-17-65-67188316-17-65-67.wav
    // ** till 19/03/2010 13:24:37.
```

Sample of Getting Calls Historical Information (Sample_InfoSessionDR1)

```
Sample of Getting Calls Historical Information
Let's review the following scenario:
    we need to count how many calls were on the bridge from the beginning of the month for
    the specific conference number;
    for the specific conference number we need to output current month conference calls
    information (conference number, conference ID, date and time when the call occurred,
    duration, called number, calling number, custom name, disconnect reason);
   if number of calls to output greater than 5, we should implement paging and output 5
    calls on the page.
public String Sample InfoSessionDR1()
  // Declare constants
  const long PAGE SIZE = 5;
                                           // Page size to display portion of the SessionDR objects
  const long CONFERENCE NUMBER = 667788; // The conference number to filter the SessionDR objects
  // Declare variables
  long lngSessionsCount;
  SessionDR[] sessionDRs;
  DateTime startDate;
  String filter;
  String strInfo;
  try
   mLastError = "";
    strInfo = "";
    // Generate filter that should be user to retrieve SessionDR objects
    startDate = new DateTime(DateTime.Now.Year, DateTime.Now.Month, 1);
    filter = "created>='" + Utils.Date2Sql(startDate) + "' and conferenceNumber="
           + CONFERENCE NUMBER. ToString();
    // Count how many calls were on the bridge from the beginning of the month
    // for the specific conference number
    lngSessionsCount = ws.getSessionDRsCount(filter);
    // XML that was sent to the server see here:
    // Sample InfoSessionDR1.getSessionDRsCount.sent.xml
    // \overline{\text{XML}} that was received from the server see here:
    // Sample InfoSessionDR1.getSessionDRsCount.received.xml
    strInfo += "Number of current month calls for the conference: "
            + lngSessionsCount.ToString() + ". \n\r";
    if (lngSessionsCount > 0)
      for (long page = 0; page * PAGE SIZE < lngSessionsCount; page++)</pre>
        // Find all current month calls for the specific conference number
        sessionDRs = ws.getSessionDRs(page * PAGE_SIZE, PAGE_SIZE, filter, "");
        // This sample runs the loop three times and outputs three pages:
        // Page #1. XML that was sent to the server see here:
        // Sample InfoSessionDR1.getSessionDRs.page1 sent.xml
        // \overline{\text{Page } #1.} \text{ XML that was received from the server see here:}
        // Sample InfoSessionDR1.getSessionDRs.page1 received.xml
        // Page \#\overline{2}. XML that was sent to the server see here:
        // Sample InfoSessionDR1.getSessionDRs.page2 sent.xml
        // Page #2. XML that was received from the server see here:
        // Sample InfoSessionDR1.getSessionDRs.page2 received.xml
        // Page \#3. XML that was sent to the server see here:
        // Sample_InfoSessionDR1.getSessionDRs.page3_sent.xml
        // Page #3. XML that was received from the server see here:
        // Sample InfoSessionDR1.getSessionDRs.page3 received.xml
```

```
List<SessionDR> getSessionDRs(long offset,
                    long limit,
                    java.lang.String filter,
                    java.lang.String order)
    * This function returns list of SessionDRs allowed to view.
    * For administrator it returns whole list of records.
    * Parameters:
      offset - zero based offset in recordset.
       limit - maximum number of objects to return.
       filter - The criteria to use to filter the rows.
            The criteria should be a simple sql conditional statement started with one
            or more SessionDR field names.
       Acceptable operators: <= , >= , != , = , < , > , like , ilike, and
       For example:
       conferenceId = 5424
       created > '2010.08.07/00:00'
       Empty string or null means no filter.
       order - A string specifying SessionDR field name and sort direction.
        For example "conferenceNumber" or "created desc".
        The default direction is asc and can be omitted.
        Empty string or null means no order.
    * Accepted fields:
       {\color{red} \bullet} \, \texttt{conferenceId}
       •conferenceNumber
       •created ('yyyy.MM.dd/hh:mm' format)
       duration
       •role
      •joined
       •customName
       •caller
       •callee

    addressFrom

       •addressTo
       •conferenceNumber
      •accessCode
       •disconnectReason
    * Returns:
      list (array) of SessionDR objects
    if (sessionDRs != null && sessionDRs.Length > 0)
      strInfo += "Page #" + (page + 1).ToString()
             + ". Calls (SessionDR objects) on the page: "
              + sessionDRs.Length.ToString() + ". \n\r";
      foreach (SessionDR sdr in sessionDRs)
        strInfo += sdr.conferenceNumber.ToString() + "\t"
            + sdr.conferenceId.ToString() + "\t"
            + sdr.created.ToShortDateString() + " "
            + sdr.created.ToShortTimeString() + "\t"
            + sdr.duration.ToString() + "\t"
            + sdr.callee + "\t"
            + sdr.caller + "\t"
            + sdr.customName + "\t"
            + sdr.disconnectReason + "\n\r";
   }
  }
else
{
 strInfo += "No current month calls for the conference found. \n\r";
```

return mLastError;

```
// Sample of program output: <a href="mailto:Sample_InfoSessionDR1.return.jpg">Sample_InfoSessionDR1.return.jpg</a>
     ** Number of current month calls for the conference: 11.
  ^{\prime\prime}// ** Page #1. Calls (SessionDR objects) on the page: 5.
  // ** 667788 3 15/03/2010 12:50 33
                                                                 admin
                                                                                   Normal
  // ** 667788
// ** 667788
                                                                 admin 'Guest' MP is unavailable ...
admin MP is unavailable ...
                        15/03/2010 1:25
15/03/2010 1:16
  // ** 667788
                         15/03/2010 1:33
                                                       REC SERVER 12
                                                244
                                                                                   Normal
  // ** 667788 5 15/03/2010 1:27 11824 12 admin
// ** Page #2. Calls (SessionDR objects) on the page: 5.
// ** 667788 5 15/03/2010 1:27 11810 12 unknown
                                                                 admin
                                                                                   Dropped by moderator
                                                                   unknown
                                                                                   Dropped by moderator
  // ** 667788
                         15/03/2010 1:27
                                                11797
                                                                    admin Guest Dropped by moderator
  // ** 667788
// ** 667788
                    8
                                                975
                                                                 admin Guest Dropped by moderator
                         17/03/2010 12:32
                                                1389
                                                                 admin conference moderator Dropped...
  // ** 667788 8
                                                                 admin 'Guest' Dropped by moderator
                         17/03/2010 12:53
                                               146
  ^{\prime\prime} // ** Page #3. Calls (SessionDR objects) on the page: 1.
                         17/03/2010 12:42
                                                                 unknown
                                                                                   Dropped by moderator
  return strInfo;
catch (Exception ex)
  mLastError = "Error in " + this.GetType().FullName +
                  ".Sample_InfoSessionDR1: " + ex.Message;
```

Sample of Historical Calls Filtering (Sample_InfoSessionDR2)

```
Sample of Historical Calls Filtering
Let's review the following scenario:
    for the current month we need to output all calls that were connected to the
    conferences excluding service calls to the recording server initiated by bridge
    (for instance we should output calling number, called number, conference number,
    conference identifier, date/time when the call was started,
    and how long the call was connected to the conference).
public String Sample_InfoSessionDR2()
  // Declare variables
  SessionDR[] sessionDRs;
  DateTime startDate;
  String filter;
  String strInfo;
  try
    mLastError = "";
    strInfo = "";
    // Generate filter that should be user to retrieve SessionDR objects
    startDate = new DateTime(DateTime.Now.Year, DateTime.Now.Month, 1);
    filter = "created>='" + startDate.ToString("yyyy.MM.dd") + "/00:00'";
    filter += " and conferenceNumber!=0";
    filter += " and callee!='REC SERVER'";
    // Get all calls based on the specified criteria
    sessionDRs = ws.getSessionDRs(0, 0, filter, "created");
    // XML that was sent to the server see here:
    // Sample InfoSessionDR2.getSessionDRs.sent.xml
    // XML that was received from the server see here:
    // Sample InfoSessionDR2.getSessionDRs.received.xml
    List<SessionDR> getSessionDRs(long offset,
                    long limit,
                    java.lang.String filter,
                    java.lang.String order)
    * This function returns list of SessionDRs allowed to view.
    * For administrator it returns whole list of records.
    * Parameters:
      offset - zero based offset in recordset.
       limit - maximum number of objects to return.
       filter - The criteria to use to filter the rows.
            The criteria should be a simple sql conditional statement started with one or
            more SessionDR field names.
       Acceptable operators: <= , >= , != , = , < , > , like , ilike, and
       For example:
       conferenceId = 5424
        created > '2010.08.07/00:00'
        Empty string or null means no filter.
       order - A string specifying SessionDR field name and sort direction.
       For example "conferenceNumber" or "created desc".
        The default direction is asc and can be omitted.
        Empty string or null means no order.
    * Accepted fields:
       •conferenceId
       •conferenceNumber
       •created ('yyyy.MM.dd/hh:mm' format)
       duration
       •role
       •joined
       •customName
       •caller
       •callee
```

```
•addressFrom
     •addressTo
     •conferenceNumber
     •accessCode
     •disconnectReason
  * Returns:
    list (array) of SessionDR objects
  if (sessionDRs != null && sessionDRs.Length > 0)
    strInfo += "Number of current month calls that match to the specified criteria: ";
    strInfo += sessionDRs.Length.ToString() + ".\n\r";
    strInfo += "callee\tcaller\tconferenceNumber\tconferenceId\tcreated\tin conference\n\r";
    foreach (SessionDR sdr in sessionDRs)
      strInfo += sdr.callee + "\t"
         + sdr.caller + "\t"
          + sdr.conferenceNumber.ToString() + "\t"
          + sdr.conferenceId.ToString() + "\t"
          + sdr.created.ToShortDateString() + " " + sdr.created.ToShortTimeString() + "\t"
          + (sdr.created.AddSeconds((Double) sdr.duration) -
                                              sdr.joined).TotalSeconds.ToString() + "\n\r";
    }
  else
   strInfo += "No current month calls that match to the specified criteria. \n\r";
  // Sample of program output: Sample InfoSessionDR2.return.jpg
  // ** Number of current month calls that match to the specified criteria: 18.
  // ** callee
                 caller
                               conferenceNumber conferenceId created
                                                                              in conference
  // ** 8665080012 Moderator-Console
// ** 8665080012 admin
                                         758288
                                                      2_____
                                                             10/03/2010 7:08
                                                                             <u>2</u>67
                                         758288
                                                              10/03/2010 7:10
                    admin
  // ** 8665080012 admin
                                                             10/03/2010 7:12
                                         758288
                                                                                28
  // ** 12
                  admin
                                        667788
                                                      3
                                                             15/03/2010 12:50
  return strInfo;
catch (Exception ex)
 mLastError = "Error in " + this.GetType().FullName +
              ".Sample_InfoSessionDR2: " + ex.Message;
  return mLastError;
}
```

Appendix B: Support Resources

If you have difficulty with this guide and any of the procedures listed herein, please contact us using the following support resources.

Support Documentation

In addition to this Guide, you may obtain other WYDE Voice documentation from WYDE Voice or from the WYDE Voice documentation Web site: http://docs.wydevoice.com/.

Web Support

Our support website is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, and 365 days a year at http://www.wydevoice.com. You may download patches, support documentation and other technical support information.

Telephone Support

For difficulties with any procedures described in this Guide, please contact us at 866-508-9020 during our normal phone support hours of 7:00 am to 6:00 pm Pacific Standard Time (PST). An engineer will respond to your inquiry within 24 hours.

Email Support

You may also email us your questions at <u>support@wydevoice.com</u>. We will respond to your question within 24 hours.